THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,290—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY—THURSDAY, MARCH 23, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
24th March	PERSIA	7951	....	...
1st April	MARMORA	10509	....	...
8th "	CALEDONIA	7958	....	...
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
22nd "	MANTUA	10985	....	...
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9508
6 May	ARABIA	7902	....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10509
20th "	EGYPT	7912	....	...
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9911
3rd June	PERSIA	7951	....	...
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7932
17th "	CALEDONIA	7958	....	...
24th "	DEVANHA	8002	MALWA	10283
1st July	HIMALAYA	6898	....	...
8th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
15th "	ARABIA	7933	....	...
22nd "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
27th "	EGYPT	7912	....	...

the above Mail Steamers are fitted with LESS TELEGRAPHY.

Steamers convey Passengers to mouth and London.

Brindisi transhipment to a connecting Said.

BALLARD PIER on day ngers must attend at that place ical Inspection by the Health

cannot go on board the

TRAITS, CHINA, NEWZEALAND.

leave Bombay fortnightly aking Passengers for the nd Return Tickets are

further information,

W. C. SYMES, Superintendent.

RD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on.
Africa	4719	E. Seberich	1st April 1911
Zenga	3303	M. Dabscrich	15th " "
Laerber	5423	A. Foresti	1st May "
Bohemia	4231	G. Gillhuber	15th " "
Africa	4719	E. Seberich	1st June "

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail about.
Nippon	6850	E. Tarabochia	27th March.
Vorwaerts	5999	R. Dannecker	27th April.
Agatria	7538	J. Raicich	28th May.
China	6017	P. Pavisich	27th June.
Ferdinand	6046	B. Cobol	27th July.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES. ACCELERATED LINE.

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice..... Rs. 450 & 500 *
Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice and Back ..... " 675 to 750*
Saloon Class to London..... " 545 " 695*
Saloon Class to London and back..... " 866 " 1020*
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice 350
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice and Back..... " 525
Intermediate Class to London ..... " 445
Intermediate Class to London and back " 715

* Fares according to position of cabin and class of railway.

ORDINARY LINE.

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 450
" Class to Trieste or Venice and Back ..... " 675
Saloon Class to London ..... " 545
" Class to London and back ..... " 865 to 945

* Fares according to class of Railway.

RETURN TICKETS are issue for TWO YEARS
ELECTRIC FANS & LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, Tauren and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Societa Nazionale di Servizi Maritimi from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer	Captain	Tons	To sail about
Prinz...	P. Pavisich	5917	25th Mar. 1911

For further information regarding passages apply to

W. DENSO, Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Coy. 32, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.

NEW LINE HOME.

CHEAP PASSAGES.

THE BOMBAY & PERSIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

have arranged a Passenger service between BOMBAY, GENOA, and MARSEILLES as follows:—

TO MARSEILLES OR GENOA.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	Leave on or about.
Laerton	3,768	J. Hannah	23rd March
Mayun	3,363	T. L. Molony	10th May
Laerton	3,768	J. Hannah	25th May
Mayun	3,363	T. L. Molony	13th July
Laerton	3,768	J. Hannah	27th July

In both Steamers superior accommodation is provided for Passengers. The Vessels are fitted throughout with Electric Light and carry both Surgeon and Stewardess. While special arrangements have been made as to cuisine, the fairs range from Rs. 300 to Rs. 500 according to location of Cabin, return passages are granted at greatly Reduced Rates. Further particulars may be had on application to the Undersigned or the local Shipping and Passenger Agents.

M. M. SHIRAZEE, No. 1, Ash Lane, Fort. Agent.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R KENNEDY, 36, Marine Lines, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Dwarka	1695	Thurs.	23rd March.	9 a.m.	via C. M.
Lhasa	2171	Fri.	24th March.	6 a.m.	† direct.
Linga	2171	Mon.	27th March.	11 a.m.	*P D & O M

† Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
* Porebunder, Dwarka and Gutch Mandvi.

FOR GUTCH MANDVI, KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dwarka," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 23rd March calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomerah, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR PERAWAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "Lalpoora," 3269 tons, on Monday, the 27th March, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

(Monthly.)

S. S. "Pentakota," 3418 tons, on Thursday, 23rd March, calling at Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR MALABAR, COAST PORTS, COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA, (Fortnightly.)

S. S. "Ismaila" 5265 tons, sailing on or about the 24th March.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents, BOMBAY.

23rd March, 1911.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

THE ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS, (CITY AND HALL LINES),

Approximate Sailings from Bombay and Karachi, for Marseilles, Liverpool, etc.

AT REDUCED FARES.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay, 1911.	Leave Karachi, 1911.
City of Athens	5594	March 24	*Mar. 21
City of Benares	6978	.....	April 8
City of Karachi	5557	April 11	...
City of York	7705	" 24	* " 21
Merton Hall	4837	not fixed.	...
City of Glasgow	6529	May 12	* May 9
City of Naples	5739	.....	" 17
Trafford Hall	5321	" 30	...
City of Manchester	5551	.....	June 10
City of Lahore	7000	.....	" 15
City of York	7705	.....	July 15
City of Paris	9200	.....	" 19
City of Glasgow	6529	.....	August 1
Trafford Hall	5321	.....	" 24
City of Calcutta	7512	.....	Sept. 5
City of Lahore	7000	.....	" 12
City of Athens	5594	October 1	...
City of York	7795	.....	Nov. 2
City of Benares	6978	.....	" 18
City of London	9000	.....	" 24
Trafford Hall	5321	.....	Dec. 6
City of Lahore	7000	.....	" 12
City of Athens	5594	.....	" 29

* Sailing from Karachi and calling at Bombay for passengers only.

A.—1st Class Passenger Steamers fitted throughout with Electric Light and Fans and carrying both Surgeon and Stewardess.

B.—Cargo Boats carrying neither Surgeon nor Stewardess having accommodation for two to twelve passengers.

C.—Steamers which have both First and Second Class accommodation as also Surgeon and Stewardess.

Electric Fans are fitted in all Cabins on A and C Class Steamers free of charge.

Concession granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Specially Reduced rates for European servants, accompanying first class passengers.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of Steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

Sailing dates and fares are subject to alteration without notice.

JOINT SERVICE.

In connection with

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN,

To Marseilles, Naples, Genoa, Antwerp, Hamburg and Bremen. Through rates of passage money may be obtained. For passages and full particulars apply to Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bates & Sons Agency,

KILLICK, NIXON & Co., Agents.

Karachi—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., TURNER MORRISON & Co., Agents.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E.C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Chittagong,	Aden (Camp.)
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Madras,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Mombasa,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Nairobi,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Entebbe,
Delhi,	Kandy	Kampala, Uganda.
Cawnpore	Nuwara Eliya.	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141 BOMBAY. J. BLACK. Ag. Manager.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted,

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

THE BANK OF BURMA, LD.

Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Paid up Capital ..... " 17,62,500
Reserve Fund ..... " 5,00,000

LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, Ld., and WILLIAM DEACON & Co., Ld.

Agents and Correspondents throughout India.

HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON.

BRANCHES:—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 Half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received as follows:—For 1 year at 6 per cent, For 6 and 9 months at 5 per cent. per annum. Special rates for Shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT FUND.—Sums as small as Re. 10 are received in this account and interest allowed thereon at 5 per cent. per annum subject to the Rules of the Fund which may be obtained on application. Cheques on the Presidency Towns, Karachi and Rangoon, also Currency Notes of these circles received free of Charge in Fixed Deposit, and Savings Bank Deposit, Accounts.

Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted.

F. D. STRANACK, Manager

Standard Buildings, Bombay, 31st December, 1910.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 16,250,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE,	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAIGON
BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LONDON:	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MALACCA,	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	MANILA	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	NEW YORK	YLOILO
HONGKONG	PEKING	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY, Agent.

Church Gate Street, Bombay.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ● NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR. THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No. 1

in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections

THERAPION No. 2

Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.

THERAPION No. 3

Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.

✻ THERAPION ✻

CURES TO STAY CURED.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

BOMBAY.

DESIGNERS, IMPORTERS, AND MANUFACTURERS OF

HIGH CLASS SILVER PLATE.

CASKETS, VIEW ALBUMS, SPORTING SHIELDS, MEDALS, POLO AND FOOTBALL CUPS AND GENERAL "PRESENTATION" PLATE.

ESTIMATES AND DESIGNS SUBMITTED.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY.

TEA | AWARDED | COFFEE

3

GOLD MEDALS

AT

NAGPUR, JALGAON & BROACH

EXHIBITIONS

FOR

SUPERIORITY PEARSE & Co., EXCELLENCE.

APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL.....£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manilla
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong
Madras	Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Rangoon	Klang (F. M. States.)	Shanghai
Colombo	Seremban (F. M. States.)	Tientsin
Karachi	Bangkok	Hankow
Amritsar	Batavia	Yokohama
Penang	Sourabaya	Kobe
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and under take general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34. JOHN GREIG, Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—

9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *

* If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.

5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
* If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE: ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP... " 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... " 3,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent, per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW, Manager.

BLANKES B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE HOUSE for the following:—

GRUYERE PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA CHEESE always in stock throughout the year.

MACCARONI VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES of various shapes and designs freshly and can be had in large quantities.

PURE GENUINE OLIVE OIL of the Olives, now in great demand.

ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR (white) highly patronized for its excellence.

WALNUTS AND ALMONDS in soft shell, and HAZELNUTS always in Stock.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

MALARIA MIXTURE, prepared by FRANCESCO RANA of Bari, in Italy, cure guaranteed.

BRIOSCHI'S 'CETRATE,' an effervescent drink for the young and aged use freely in every house in Italy.

Our CLARET (Grignolino), the Genuine Wine, in great demand, at Rs. 11 per dozen bottles. Various other Brands of Wines and Liqueurs from The High Class House of Italy and France.

MONGINI BROTHERS

THE FIRM FOR

CHOCOLATES

CHOCOLATE CREAMS
CHOCOLATE ALMONDS
CHOCOLATE NOUGOT
CHOCOLATE PEPPERMINTS
} Fresh made at their Confectionery Works.

Also

PETERS' CHOCOLATES
FRYS' CHOCOLATES
CAILLERS' CHOCOLATES
CADBURYS' CHOCOLATES
MORIONDS' & GARIGLIOS' CHOCOLATES
MILK CHOCOLATE
CHOCOLATE in tins
CHOCOLATE in packets

Presentation Boxes of CHOCOLATES, etc. etc.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS, Rs. 1

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL

Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Rs. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE

Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS

Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER

scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B.P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT

Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO, BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA, WARLI LABORATORY DADAR, BOMBAY.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,

BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake 150° in cases.
Chester 125° " "
Monkey 125° " "
Elephant in tins and bulk.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

"CITY OF KARACHI."

ARRIVED on the 22nd March, 1911.

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the DOCKS. Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of the consignees unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay.

Chafed or broken packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed, otherwise no claim will be recognised. The undersigned decline to survey Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Captain Metcalfe will attend every morning to survey damaged and broken packages. All claims must be certified by him and sent in within a month of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

EDWARD BATES & SONS, AGENCY,
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Home Street, Bombay, 22nd March, 1911.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Austrian Lloyd's s.s. "NIPON" from JAPAN and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, are hereby informed of the vessel's arrival and REQUESTED to take IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their GOODS landed at the VICTORIA DOCK, No. 12 Berth.

The Company's Surveyor, Captain METCALFE, will attend every morning to survey damages, and all claims in this respect must be adjusted within seven days from date of discharge of the respective cargo, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No Surveys can be allowed after the seven days, or on Goods removed from the Landing Shed.

APPLICATIONS for SURVEY must reach the Undersigned in time, so that the SURVEY can take place at latest on the morning of the Seventh Day.

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co.

BOMBAY TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TWENTY-NINTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Telephone Buildings, Bastion Road, Fort, Bombay, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on THURSDAY, the 23rd March, 1911, to receive the Directors' Report, pass the Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1910, declare a dividend, elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election, appoint Auditors for the ensuing year, and fix their remuneration and transact any other business that may be brought forward.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Thursday, the 9th; to Thursday, the 23rd March, 1911, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
REGINALD ELLIS,
Secretary.

Bombay, 2nd March, 1911.

THE CENTURY SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, at "Bella Vista," Cumballa Hill, on THURSDAY, the 30th March, 1911 at 10-30 A.M. (Standard Time), for the transaction of the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report, the Audited Balance-sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st December, 1910.
2. To confirm the appointment of Mr. A. Leslie as a director in place of Mr. J. J. Gazdar, absent in England.
3. To appoint directors in place of those who retire from office, but are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact such other business as may be brought forward by the directors.

By Order of the Board,
C. N. WADIA & Co.,
Agents.

The Century Spinning & Mfg. Coy. Ld.,

Notice is also given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 21st to 30th March, 1911, both days inclusive.

Bombay, 2nd March, 1911.

THE MANOCKJEE PETIT MFG. CO., LD.

NOTICE is hereby given that an ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 6, Hornby Row, Fort, on THURSDAY, the 23rd March, 1911, at 4-30 P.M. (S. T.) for the transaction of the following business:—

1st. To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheets, and Profit and Loss Accounts for the two half years ended respectively the 30th June and 31st December, 1910.

2nd. To sanction the declaration of a dividend for the half year ended 31st December, 1910.

3rd. To appoint two Directors in place of those who are retiring by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

4th. To appoint two Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board,
D. M. PETIT SONS & CO,
Agents,
The Manockjee Petit Mfg. Co., Ld.

P.S.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED, from the 22nd inst. to the 6th prox., both days inclusive.

Bombay, 10th March, 1911.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

A THROUGH SERVICE of TRAINS with Dining Cars, attached throughout the day and Corridor Coaches will be introduced, on and from the 1st April, 1911, between Bombay, Umballa and Kalka (for Simla) via Ratlam, Muttra, Delhi, Meerut and Saharanpur.

Fast Trains will connect at Ratlam with these Expresses to and from Mhow and Indore from and to Bombay.

TIMINGS.

Bombay	...Dep.	21-15	Simla	...Dep.	8- 0
Ratlam	...Arr.	10-20	Kalka	...Arr.	14-43
Do.	...Dep.	10-35	Do.	...Dep.	16- 0
Muttra	...Arr.	22-22	Umballa	...Arr.	18-22
Do.	...Dep.	22-42	Do.	...Dep.	19- 0
Delhi	...Arr.	1 45	Saharanpur	...Arr.	20-43
Do.	...Dep.	2- 5	Do.	...Dep.	21-22
Meerut	...Arr.	3-49	Meerut	...Arr.	23 43
Do.	...Dep.	3-59	Do.	...Dep.	23-53
Saharanpur	...Arr.	6-21	Delhi	...Arr.	1-36
Do.	...Dep.	6-39	Do.	...Dep.	2- 0
Umballa	...Arr.	8-30	Muttra	...Arr.	4-57
Do.	...Dep.	8-40	Do.	...Dep.	5-15
Kalka	...Arr.	11- 0	Ratlam	...Arr.	17-20
Do.	...Dep.	11-30	Do.	...Dep.	17-40
Simla	...Arr.	13-20	Bombay	...Arr	7-15

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 24th February, 1911.

FOR SALE.

OFFERS will be received up to the 1st April, 1911, by Lieutenant-Commander the Hon. R. O. B. BRIDGEMAN, R.N., for the purchase of the composite single screw gunboat "REDBREAST" with her engines, boilers and all fittings and stores now on board, as she lies in the Wet Basin, Government Dockyard, Bombay.

The "Redbreast" was built in Government Dockyard, Pembroke, in 1889, is 165 feet long, 31 feet beam, and 805 tons displacement and 720 indicated Horse Power.

The Fittings and Stores comprise:—

Boats, awnings, auxiliary machinery, anchors and cables, pumps and fire engines, and electric light apparatus.

The purchaser must remove the Vessel from the Government Dockyard, within one fortnight of purchase, at his own risk and expense. Dismantling will not be permitted in the Government Dockyard. No guarantee will be given with the boilers.

Twenty-five per cent. of the purchase money to be paid on acceptance of Tender, balance before vessel is removed from Dockyard. The acceptance of Tenders is subject to the decision of Admiralty, by whom a reserve price has been fixed.

Applications to view the ship and examine detailed list of stores for sale with ship, and any further particulars should be addressed to Lieutenant-Commander the Hon. R. O. B. BRIDGEMAN, R.N., Admiral's House, Woodhouse Road, Bombay.

R. O. B. BRIDGEMAN,
Lieutenant-Commander, R. N.

9th March, 1911.

AMUSEMENTS.

EMPIRE THEATRE.

THE ROYAL WARWICKSHIRE REGIMENTAL AMATEUR DRAMATIC CLUB,

Will present at 9-30 P.M.
TO-NIGHT, AND TO-MORROW,
MARCH 23RD and 24TH,
A MUSICAL BURLESQUE,
ENTITLED
THE MODERN ALADDIN
written by
LEONARD STARTZ.

THE BAND of the Royal Warwickshire Regt. will form the Orchestra.

PRICES:—Rs. 4, 3, 2 and Re. 1.

Soldiers and Sailors in uniform half price to all except first seats.

Plan at Messrs. ROSE & Co.

FLYING

THIS EVENING
6-30 P.M. (S. T.)
MACHINE LIGHTED BY ELECTRICITY.
OVAL.

Regimental Band in attendance DURING
FLYING
ADMISSION—Rs. 5, 2, Re. 1, and 8 As.
ADMISSION—As. 4, day time and As. 8, night time 11 P.M.

EXCELSIOR.

CINEMATOGRAPH.
NOVELTY THEATRE

AN UNIQUE ATTRACTION.
THE RAPE
OF THE
SABINES
OR
THE LAYS OF ANCIENT ROME.

A Magnificent Colored Film.
TOTO AND THE FLAG.
Across the world like a shot.
TONTOLINI'S LOVE EPISODE.
OUR MAD COMEDIAN GOES SERENADING
AND
MANY OTHER NEW PICTURES.

SKATING RINK.

PRACTICE SESSIONS—Daily 8 to 9 A.M.
EVENING Do. Daily 6 to 8 with Band on Thursdays and Saturdays.
NIGHT SESSIONS—Saturdays only 9-30 to 11-30 with Band.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET,

AUCTION SALE OF LUXMI MANUFACTURING Co. at the JUBILEE BAUGH, TARDEO.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 23rd instant, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises by order of the mortgagee Mr. Jaichand Nemchand, and another and on account and risk of Babu Lukheshar Ghatak, the mortgagor, the following factory with its machinery, etc., as a going concern.

The Luxmi Manufacturing Co. for manufacturing jewellery, mouldings and repairing, all sorts of metal work. The machinery consists of pressing machines, presses, drops hammer, rolling and silver and gold wiring machines, twisting and polishing machines, machine and foot lathe, pulleys, couplings and blocks, English scales with weights, hand tools, drilling machine, dyes and taps, moulds, one big safe, 156 round brass things for making wire, oil engine of 2 H. P. by "Hornsby," etc.

The above is now on view.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 23rd March, 1911.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF VALUABLE ONE-STOREYED BUNGALOW, with and out-houses and with an extensive piece of land, situate at Ghat-Kopar, near G. I. P. Ry.

Under instructions from and by order of Mr. H. Crawford, the constituted Attorney of the late Mr. McCawley.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will on SUNDAY, the 2nd day of April, 1911, sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned property, on the premises, at 5 o'clock (S. T.), in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece and parcel of Freehold garden land and Bhat land, at Ghat-Kopar, Taluka, Salsette, District Thana, admeasuring acres and gunthas, bearing Survey No. 126 and Bhat 3 and 137, and bounded as follows:—i. e., on the east by the private road, on the west by the hill called "Sabte-Hill," on the north by the vendor's lands, Survey No. 127 and 136, on the south by the vendor's land Survey Nos. 127 and 126, and measuring in the length east to the west on the northern side 587 feet and southern side 540 feet and measuring in width 100 feet and making measurement 6,356 square yards.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 23rd March, 1911.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

REPAIRS TO MOTOR CARS.—That is our speciality. No work too small, none too large. Honest and intelligent workmanship. No broken promises. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING CO., 14, Hammam Street, Fort.

SMALL FLAT TO LET, on best part Apollo Bunder, 2nd FLOOR, comfortably Furnished, from May 1; six months certain, suitable European married couple or two bachelors. Rent 175. Apply Box No. 2522, care of this Office.

NEVER FOUND OUT OF ORDER.—"I am glad to inform you that I have used Singer's Oscillating Machine for last 10 years, and during that time never found it out of order," and even now it works as if it were quite new. Mrs. L. ALMEIDA, Girgaum, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas, Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables, Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey, Bombay to the Bosphorus. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9. care of "Bombay Gazette" Office

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. R. H., Rs. 1 Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes. "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—9¼ inch by 4¼ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9¼ inch by 4¼ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000. 5-13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand I) printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 3 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 2 must be paid in advance.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First Class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 11d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Re. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of REVLUC FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the same of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 25.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

PAY NOTHING.

Only drop a Card to-day for a Free Sample Copy of

INDUSTRY,

A monthly Journal of Handicrafts and Commerce. Containing useful and practical hints for preparing household necessities, starting of small mechanical and manual industries, etc., And you will get a copy Absolutely Free.

Royal Ed. Re. 2. People's Ed. Re. 1-8.

For Readers—
Interesting Throughout.
For Advertisers—
Absolutely sure Medium.
For Free Sample Copy and Adv. rates please write to the MANAGER,
"INDUSTRY" Office
3, Mohunlal Mitter's Lane,
Shambazar, CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

FOR SALE.

AT PANCHGANI—FREE HOLD—A Solid built zinc roofed six roomed HOUSE, all outhouses, and own well standing in five and half acres wooded ground. Room to build another house in compound. Rs. 20,000 and near offers considered. Apply No. 2586, care of "Bombay Gazette."

FOR SALE.

A SECOND-HAND TYPE CASTING MACHINE, in working order. Can be seen at the "Bombay Gazette" Press.

Apply to—
GENERAL MANAGER,
"Bombay Gazette."

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

INSURANCES.

BONUS YEAR 1910.

NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES
EDINBURGH: 64, Prince's Street.
LONDON: 61 Threadneedle Street.

Total Funds exceed	... ...	£19,670,000
Total Revenue for 1909 exceeded.		£4,280,000

The sum of over ONE MILLION STERLING was divided among Participating Life Policy-holders in 1905, yielding a BONUS at the Rate of £1-8-0 per cent. per annum not only on the original sums assured but also on all subsisting Bonuses.

POLICIES in some cases have been MORE THAN DOUBLED in amount by the addition of BONUSES.

NEW SCHEME.

Double Endowment Assurance in India at English Rates. Full particulars on application.

For latest PROSPECTUS and Proposal Forms apply to

Messrs. KING KING & Co.,
Secretaries,
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.,
KING'S BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

or to the
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY'S OFFICE,
100, Olive Street, Calcutta, and 4 and 5 Koila Ghat Street, Calcutta.

THE
ORIENTAL
LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1874.

FUNDS OVER RS. 3,50,00,000
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

LOW PREMIUMS.
GENEROUS CONDITIONS.
PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.
ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT.

For Prospectus, containing all particulars, apply to
R. PATERSON BROWN,
MANAGER.

REDUCED RATES.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

RESULTS FOR 1909.

New Policies issued (net) ...6,514 for	£.	1,986,394
New Premiums (1909) ...	,,	90,965
Surplus on transactions for above period	,,	273,119
Annual Income ...	,,	1,422,802
Assets ...	,,	10,315,985
Total Payments under Policies	,,	25,606,534

CALL FOR 1908 PROSPECTUS.
WORLD WIDE POLICIES.
Indian Lives at European Rates.

Assurances, Old Age Pensions, Children's Endowments, &c., &c.

Apply—
CROFT MODY & CO.,
CHIEF AGENTS FOR India, Burma and Ceylon
GRESHAM BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

THE DEMAND
FOR
"STANDARD" POLICIES.

EVERY YEAR, since 1865 the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000. Sums Assured PER ANNUM, a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

CLAIMS PAID	£27,750,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS	£12,500,000
ANNUAL REVENUE	£ 1,500,000

NEW SCHEMES.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS.—At Home Rates giving a Bonus of 100 per cent. on survival.

CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS.—Payable at any age from 14 to 21 with return of all premiums in event of death.

For full information apply to
F. O. PREVOST,
Secretary,
Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co., Ld.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

WONDER! Machine in perfect use for 22 years. Singer's Hand Machine, valued Rs. 50, which is in use in my house for past 22 years, has given me every satisfaction and I recommend it to any one requiring a good substantial and easy going Machine.—G. D. Nariman, Hyderabad, Deccan

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, at Kalyan Known as Chunam Kiln.

Under instructions from the mortgagee, Mrs Claudine Olivia Jenkinson, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagors, Mary Anne Pollock, and Herald Septimus Pollock, by virtue of the power of sale reserved to the mortgagee under an Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 26th day of November 1906; Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., Auctioneers, will sell THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 23rd day of March 1911, at 5 p.m. (S. T.), at their rooms in Bank Street, Fort, the following landed property at Kalyan.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

Firstly:—All that piece or parcel of land situate at Monjay Shahad, Taluka Kalyan, in the district of Thana, bearing Survey No. 10, Sub. No. 1, and measuring 3 acres and 17 gunthas, and assessed by Government at fourteen annas and bounded on the east by the land of Mogia Hoolka Bhakaria, on the west by the property hereinafter secondly described bearing Survey No. 11, on the south by the railway road, and on the north by the road leading to Morbhat.

Secondly:—All that piece or parcel of land, situate at Monjay Shahad, Taluka Kalyan, in the district of Thana, aforesaid, bearing Survey No. 11, Sub, No. 1-2 and measuring 3 acres and 9 gunthas and assessed by Government at Re. 5 and annas 7 and bounded on the east by the hereabefore described premises bearing Survey No. 10, on the west by the premises bearing Survey No. 16, on the south by the premises bearing Survey No. 12, belonging to the said Nagoo Bhakaria and on the north by the premises bearing Survey No. 23, together with the Cattle Shed with the zinc roof situate on Survey No. 10, measuring 17 hands in length and 8 hands in breadth and together also with 2 partially dug wells, situate on land bearing Survey No. 10 and together with a house with a tiled roof situate on Survey No. 10 and measuring 25 hands in length and 12 hands in breadth.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji Dinshaw and Co., Attorneys for the mortgagee, at their office at 29, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

SALE OF FANCY ARTICLES SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, the 24th inst., at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Meadow Street, Fort, next to Messrs. Dunnett and Co., fancy articles, such as dolls, toys, game, platedware, handbags, photo-frames and albums, cash-boxes, jewel-boxes, bird cages, bronze figures, fans, baba chairs and perambulators etc.

The above is on view.

[SALE ON SUNDAY, 26TH MARCH.

On Sunday, the 26th instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the "Gold Mohur Castle," below the Byculla Bridge (on Tramway Line), the valuable and handsome teakwood, blackwood and English-made household furniture, glassware, crockeryware, platedware, sliding dining table, chairs, large mirror back sideboard, and dinner waggons, drawing room suits of sofas and chairs, ottoman, marble and tiled-topped tables and teapoys, side and corner cabinets, bedsteads, single and double almirahs, clothes press, wardrobe, marble-topped dressing and washhand tables, cane furniture, cooking stove with water tank, full size slate billiard table with balls and cues, etc., by John Roberts, cottage piano by Soundy, horse-shoe shaped table in 6 pieces made to order, Venetian glass mirrors with pier tables, large double-door safe by Chubb's on stand, English bath tubs English-made rubber tyred victoria, bay Arab horse and harness, 1 English built rubber-tyred steel wheel cabriolet, by Morgan, London, in very good order, bicycle, rubber-tyred wheel brougham by Press in good order, etc., the property of N. R. Motabhai, Esq., Barrister at Law, proceeded to England, and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF YOST NEW TYPE-WRITERS AND ACCESSORIES.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Latham & Co. insolvents, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, in Bank Street, Fort, on MONDAY, the 27th inst., at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), 3 new Yost typewriters Nos. 11, 12 and 13.

3 Yost spring duplicators, 1 gestetner automatic cyclostyle, and several Yost typewriting accessories, paints and other articles.

AUCTION SALE of the Right to Collect Outstandings.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna Esqr., the Official Assignee, High Court, Bombay and Assignee of the estate of Haji Jan Mahomed Haji Mahomed, an Insolvent, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on Tuesday, the 28th day of March, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort.

The Right, Title and Interest of the said Insolvent in the unrecovered outstandings mentioned in the list.

Conditions of sale and a detailed list of the outstandings can be inspected at the Auctioneers' Office.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 23rd March, 1911.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED LUGGAGE, PARCELS, etc, at G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Railway Act IX, of 1890, under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway Company, Messrs MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 8th April, 1911, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the above-named place:—

A quantity of unclaimed goods, parcels, etc., etc.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 23rd March, 1911.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

SALE ON SUNDAY, the 26th March, at 11 a.m. (S. T.) Sharp.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable drawing-room, dining-room and bed-room furniture, ebonized [illegible] piano, etc., in Love Lane, near Mazagon Tram Terminus, at the Bungalow, near Dr. Noronha's Dispensary.

Under instructions from the mortgagee in possession and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co. will on SUNDAY the 26th instant, at 11 a. m. (S.T.) sharp, sell by Public Auction the following valuable and handsome new designed black and teakwood drawing-room, dining-room and bed-room furniture, consisting of cabinets, ebonized cottage piano, chiffoniers, marble and tiled top tables and teapoys, writing and pier tables, dining-table, chairs, dinner waggon, single and double mirror-door almirahs, chest of drawers, pictures, table ornaments, plated ware, etc., etc., in the bungalow near Dr. Noronha's Dispensary, in Love Lane, near Mazagon Tram Terminus.

P. S.—The above will be sold off without reserve to the highest bidders, the sale commencing at 11 a. m. (S. T.) sharp.

The above is on view.

SALE ON TUESDAY, the 28th March.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable and handsome new design mahoganized drawing-room, dining-room and bed-room furniture, sets of drawing-room sofas and chairs, cabinets, almirahs, etc., etc., in the second floor of Apollo Hotel, above Dias and Sidick, Tailor, and opposite Majestic Hotel, at Colaba Causeway.

On TUESDAY, the 28th inst, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the above-mentioned place, valuable and handsome new design mahogany, polished drawing-room, dining-room and bed-room furniture, consisting of silk tapestry line, mahoganized set of drawing-room sofas and chairs, cabinets, sideboard, glass door almirah, marble and tiled topped tables and teapoys, easy, low and Carson chairs, iron bedsteads, cupboards, dining-tables and chairs, dumb-waiter, hat-tand, wash-hand stand with crockery, carpets, pictures, glass, crockery and platedware, etc., etc., the property of F. Ved, Esq., proceeded home and others.

Catalogues will be printed and the property put on view 4 days before the sale.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Bombay, 23rd March, 1911.

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.
BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA
"We cannot speak too highly of it."—Lancet.
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.
RESTORES THE WEAK,
REVIVES THE DEPRESSED
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS
A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.
AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co. Limited; KEMP & Co., &c.,

EMPIRE OF INDIA
Life Assurance Company, Limited.
Head Office: BOMBAY.
Last year's business—Rs. 83,0
INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPAR
RATES AND CONDITIONS
OF THE
Empire of India Life Offic
WITH THOSE OF
ANY OTHER COMPAN
Before entering into a Contract for Life Assurance ex
ANNUAL REPORT AND BALANCE
To satisfy yourself of the position of the Co
THE PREMIUM
are so moderate that, at the usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or R
from the first for a yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure M
rence of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to
certain Bonus of 20 or 25 per cent.
Prospectus, Proposal forms and full particulars may be obtained from
ALLUM, BHARUCHA & Co.,
Managers.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.
Agents for India:—TREACHER AND CO., LTD BOMBAY, PYCULLA, and POONA.
This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, mental disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.
Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, [illegible] quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the [illegible] of consumption.
CAUTION.—Ask for "VE[illegible]d Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you re[illegible] vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), [illegible] Price in England, 2/6. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British [illegible] "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, [illegible] white letters on a red se[illegible], Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proc[illegible]
COMMON SENSE [illegible] and most scientific and practical [illegible] of self-cure ever [illegible] ment of rest and energy, &c., with practical observat[illegible] qualifications that destroy the happiness of wedd[illegible]ms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail[illegible]der Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES [illegible] Post Free.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.
The following popular and well known Brands of Whiskies from Messrs. Robertson Sanderson & Co., Ltd., Leith, can be had wholesale from
CROFT MODY & CO.
SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY or retail from
MESSRS. BRANDON & Co.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS
and
MESSRS. DENISON & Co.,
HUMMUM ST., FORT.
Liqueur Scotch Whisky (as supplied to the Savoy Hotel and Restaurant Ltd.)
O.B.G. (Old Blended Glenlivet) WHISKY.
O.H.S. (Old Highland Scotch) WHISKY.
G.O.H. (Grand Old Highland) WHISKY.

BANKS.
THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.
ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	... Yen.	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	... ,,	24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS...	... ,,	16,850,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Nagasaki
Bombay	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tieling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Fengtien (Mukden)	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
K. KODAMA,
Manager.
Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Subscription. Rate.	Discount Rate.
Yearly ...	Rs. 25 0

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET.

London, March 21.] [Bombay, March 22.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus
2½ per cent. Consols	81 9-16	3-16	
do. Nemes	96 1-2		un chgd
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	96 1-4	1-4	
do. Govt. Securities	64 3-8		un chgd
Bar Silver in London	24 1-4		un chgd
do. 2 months' bacce	24 7-16	1-16	
do. in New York	52 1-8		un chgd
Exchange on London at Paris,	25-23		1-2
do. at Berlin	20-45	1-2	
do. at New York	4-86 1-4		un chgd
Secon Bank of England Rate	3 p.c.	since	
do. Short London	9th	ist.	
Bills, 3 months' sight,	2 3-8		un chgd
do. Indian Bank			
Bills, 6 months' sight,	2 1-4		un chgd
do. 3 months' Fine			
Trade Bills	2 7-8		un chgd
do. 6 months' Fine			
Trade Bills	2 7-8		un chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans	2 7-8		un chgd
Interest 7 day Market Loans	2 7-8		un chgd

Bar Gold ... 77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 7-8 unchgd.
Closing Tone of Silver.—Steady.

PORT SAID, March 21.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer "Prage," has shipped £10,0003 gold for India.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Good business done.	Steady.
Futures	...	Quiet.
East Indian	...	Quiet.
Manchester	Firm with a fair demand.	
Total Sales	...	10,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export	...	500
Imports	...	17,000
Mid-Americans	...	7·79+02
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown		9 7-8 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Apl.-May	May-June	June-July	July-Aug.
7·53	7·54	7·50	7·45
	+01	+04	+04

Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec
	6·74	6·69
	+02	+04

Bales.

ports	10,000
year	24,000
	5,000
	17,000
	14-60 unchgd

Advanced on foreign buying and declined on Southern sellers of futures in the local market.

...145-5 unchgd
...14·43—04
...14·52—04
...Steady.

CAN.

...32 3-4

...h-April.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ...33 3-4
Do. Months—March-April.
Buyers &c.—Nearest, Value.

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi ...34—1-2
Do. Month—Feb.-March.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Dene.
Red Karachi ...33 1-4—1-4
Do. Months—Feb-March.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Nominal.
Tone—Easier.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p.c. ex-ship 46—1-2
Do. Months—April-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Sellers.
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c. ex-ship. 47 1-2
Do. Months—April-May. unchgd
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk. Nearest. Value
Brown Cawnpore ...41 1-4—1-4
Do. Months—April-May—Sellers.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.
Tone of Rapeseed.—Dull.
LINSEED—
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ...70 1-4—1-2
Do. Months—April-May.—Sellers.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Tone of Linseed—Flat.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...67 1-2—3-4
Do. Months—Feb-March.
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg.—Nominal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) 12 3-8 unchgd
RUBBER—
Para Rubber ...6-5—Sellers.—Steady.
METALS—
Copper Beazers ...[illegible]34
Yellow Metal ...d 6
Standard Copper G. M. B. ...£55 1-16
FREIGHT—
Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal ..... 9s.
ARRIVALS—
"Umvolosi," "Koerber" "Eilalino" "Hohenfels."
SUGAR—
German granulated sugar C. and F.
India double bags. 13 8 1-4—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment ...May-Aug.
Tone—Steady with a fair business.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F
India ...13-2—Nominal.
Do. Months of Shipments ...March-April.
Tone—Buyers not disposed to operate at prices asked.
German Beetroot 88 p. c ...10 9 —Sellers,
Months of Shipments ...April,
Tone—Good demand. Full rates.
BAR & Similar Crystals C & F
India ...14 7 1-2—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Mar-Aug.
Tone—Firm.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta
and Bombay 11 10 1-2—Value.
Months of Shipments ...March.
Tone—Quiet.
General Tone—Unchanged. Firm. But nothing doing.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY EVENING] [22ND March, 1911.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY, BY RAIL, on 21st March, 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	62	72,977
B B and C I Railway	78	91,763

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—

The market opened steady at 1s. 4 1-32d. T. T., 1s. 4 1-16d. on Demand, and 1s. 4 7-32d. for 3 months' sight Credits. There was no enquiry for wire at 1s. 4 1-32d. and later on 1s. 4 1-16d. was obtainable. Private bills continue scarce. Far eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-32 to 1-16d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 7-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 3-16d. April
Do. France	...170 3-4
Do. Marks	...135 3-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...131 1-4
Shanghai "	...176 1-2
Japan "	...149 3-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

The market opened at 96 1-4 for Cash and the first settlement and 96 5-16 for the second settlement and improved 1-16, rates thereafter continuing steady until the close. A fair business has been done.

We quote :—

Cash	... Rs.	96 5 0
1st Settlement	... "	96 5 0
2nd "	... "	96 6 0

BULLION :—

Yesterday Bar Silver in London closed unchanged for ready at 24 1-4 and 1-16 higher for delivery in two months at 24 7-16. New York was unchanged at 52 5-8. Locally the market opened steady at 61 3-8 ex duty for ready and has remained unchanged. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold	... Rs.	24 0 0
Australian "	... "	24 0 0
Sovereigns "	... "	15 0 0
Silver Ready ex-duty	... "	61 6 0
" 1st settlement	... "	61 12 0
" 2nd "	... "	62 2 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

Owing to a holiday the market was more or less closed yesterday and little business was done in the bazaar. This morning rates opened quiet, good Broach being quoted Rs. 355-56. A considerable amount of settlements have been made to-day by bull speculators and prices have given way, the closing rate being Rs. 349 1-2. At the close the market is unsettled and prices are more or less nominal.

For ready cotton there has been only a very moderate enquiry and prices are easier.

QUOTATIONS :—

	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M G Broach	...360	April
Fine M G Broach	...363	March
Good M G Broach	...349 1-2	"
Fine M G Wardha Hinguughat	...350	"
Fine M G Nagpur Kampti	...347	"
Fine M G Damangaum Pulgaon	...342	"
Fine M G Khangaum Akola	...337	"
Fine M G Amraoti	...337	"
Fine M G Muttis	...320	"
F G M G Khandeish	...305-6	"
Fine M G Khandeish	...321-22	"
Fine M G Bengals	...310	"
F G H G Bengals	...290	"
Good Westerns H G	...347	April-May
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar	...360	"

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone	...	...Quiet but steady
Estimated Sales	...	... 10,000 bales
Total Imports	...	... all.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.	June-July
7·51	7·51	7·51	7·47
— 4	— 3	— 3	— 3

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
7·42	7·19	6·86	6·73	6·67
— 2	— 3	— 2	— 1	— 2

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—

The market is easier and prices have declined. There is a fair business doing.

We quote :—

Ready	... Rs.	11 12 0 B. T.
April-May	... "	12 7 0 B. T.

RAPESEED :—

The market is easier. Little doing.

We quote :—

Brown Delhi April-May	Rs.	7 1 0 B. T.
Brown Cawnpore Ready	"	6 9 0 B. T.
Yellow Guzerat	"	7 12 0 B. T.

GINGELLYSEED :—

The market is quiet but steady.

We quote:—

Bold White 85 p.c.	Rs.	52 8 0
Mimbara	"	53 0 0
Yellow Hinganghat	"	56 0 0
Red Jubbulpore	"	49 0 0
Black Kutni	"	45 0 0

POPPYSEED :—

Quiet and easier.

We quote :—

Ready	... Rs.	10 10 0 B. T.
April-May	... Rs.	11 0 0 B. T.

CASTORSEED :—Quiet.

We quote :—

Ready	... Rs.	35 8 0

COTTONSEED :—Quiet.

We quote:—

Ready	... Rs.	25 0 0 to 26 8 0

WHEAT :—Quiet.

We quote :—

White Delhi Apl.-May	Rs.	4 14 6 B. T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	... ...	1,532 1-2
Bank of Burma	... ...	134
Bank of India	... ...	63 3-4
Eastern Bank	... ...	73
Indian Specie	... ...	51 1-2

MILLS.

David	... ...	372 1-2
Kohinoor	... ...	630
Manockji Petit	... ...	2,635
New Great Eastern	... ...	102 1-2
Standard	... ...	900
Sun Mill	... ...	62 1-2
Vishnu Cotton Mill, ordinary	...	532 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate	...	16
Bombay E. E. & T. O. Ordinary	...	128 to 129
Bombay E. S. & E. O. Preference	...	169 1-2
Bombay Steam Nav. Ordinary	...	377 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	... ...	1,065 X. D.

RAILWAY.

Tapti-Valley	... ...	495 C. D.

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	... — ...	18,002 bales
Wheat	... ...	5,108 cwts.
Linseed	... ...	24,622 "
Rapeseed	... ...	7,900 "
Gingellyseed	... ...	1,372 "
Poppyseed	... ...	182 "
Groundnuts	... ...	1,441 "
Castorseed	... ...	17 560 "
Rice	... ...	928 "
Myrabollams	... ...	1,272 "
Cottonseed	... ...	8,937 "
Mowraseed	... ...	17 "
Gram	... ...	1,624 "
Joowar	... ...	2,154 "
Maize	... ... —	1,673 "

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COL. B. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 23rd March.

251. Parades.—Parades will be held on the Oval on Mondays and Thursdays at 6-30 p.m. until further orders for Recruits, Reservists and members requiring parades for efficiency and also at Head-Quarters on Tuesdays and Saturdays at 6-30 p.m.

252. Musketry.—It is notified for information that the Class Firing must be completed by the 26th instant. B V R Ranges will be open for this purpose on Sunday, the 26th instant, by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m. Members who have not yet completed their Class Firing must do so on the above dates. I V B A Matches 11 & 12 may be fired on Sunday, the 26th instant, after Class Firing.

Rifle Club.—Matches Nos. 17 and 18 will close on Saturday, the 25th instant. Ranges will be available for Rifle Club matches on Saturday, the 25th instant, by trains leaving Victoria Terminus at 12-45 and 1-50 p.m. All members who have not yet fired matches 17 and 18 must do so on the above dates.

Miniature Range.—Matches 9 and 10 will close on Saturday, the 25th inst. The Miniature Range at Head-Quarters will be open to-day, Thursday, the 23rd from 5 to 7 p.m., and Saturday, the 25th instant, from 9 to 12 noon.

253. Arms.—All Rifles and Accoutrements to be returned to Head-Quarters before 12 noon on the 28th instant. Members are reminded that the prompt return of arms to Head-Quarters when called in, counts towards the Bayley Challenge Cup.

254 Cadets Competition—It is notified for information that the competition for the Adjutant's Prize (Cadets) will take place on the parade ground of "M" Coy. Indo-British Institution on Monday the 27th instant at 4 p.m.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. B.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning:—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of Albion are on the wrapper. sold by Chemists, Grocers, etc.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.				
Alliance Bank of Simla Ld.	100	100	14 p.c.	265
Bank of Bombay	500	500	15 p.c.	1585
Bank of India	100	50	8 "	64
Bank of Bengal	500	50	14 "	1600
Bank of Madras	500	50	12 "	1370
Bank of Burmah	100	100	7 "	136
Bank of Baroda	100	50	6 "	60
Eastern Bank	£ 10	£ 4	...	70½
National Bank of India	25	12½	12 p.c.	...
Punjab National Bank	100	100	9	150
People's Bank of India	50	30	3	32
Specie Bank	100	50	7	52
The Bombay Merchants Bank Ld.	100	10	6½	9½
EXCHANGE BANK.				
Credit Bank of India Ld.	50	10	Nil	9½
Chartered Bank	£20	£20	13 p.c.	60
Mercantile Bank	£25	£12½	6 "	£17
Do.	25	12½	6 "	£16-10
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Ld.	$125	$125	£2	£91

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES

Al'ck Ashdown & Co.	100	100	6 p.c.	240
All India Us. Co. Ld.	100	20	5 "	11½
Bamankas	10	10	...	8
Back Bay Batli	50	50	6 p.c.	32½
Badham Pile	70	70	28·8	80
Baroda Trans. Co	100	100	4 p.c.	67
Bombay Burmah T Corpn	125	125	10 p.c.	532½
Bombay Electric S. and T. Co. Ld. O.	£10	£10	Nil.	125
Do do. P.	£10	£10	6 p.c.	170
Bombay Ice Mfg.	100	100	...	15
Bombay Flour Mill	500	500	20	830
Bombay Land and Building	500	500	5 p.c.	590
Bombay S. N. Co. O.	250	250	8·10	277½
Do. do. P.	250	250	6	282½
Central I. M. Co., Ld.	10	10	3½	27½
Delhi Flour	200	200	10	102
Empire of I. L. A.	500	50	20 p.c.	175
John Roberts and Co.	100	100	5 p.c.	205
Josts Fans Supply Co.	100	50	7 yr.	50
Kemp and Co.	200	175	12½ "	172
Karachi Landing	200	75	13	95
Marsky and Co	100	100	10	107
Marsland Price and Co O.	100	100	4 p.c.	...
Do. do. P.	100	100	7 p.c.	...
Napier Hotel Co.	100	100	...	...
Oriental Govt. L. A. Co.	200	50	18½ yr.	275
Oriental Mining	...	...	...	6
Phillips and Co.	40	40	10 p.c.	35
Port Canning Co.	1000	1000	yr. 42	825
Shivrajpore Syn. etc.	10	10	...	16
Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co.	100	100	5	105x
Soundy and Co.	100	100	...	20 N.
Tata Iron Steel Co. O.	75	35	...	44½
Ld. P.	30	30	...	80
Thacker and Co.	150	130	...	131
Telephone Co.	50	50	25 p.c.	248
Treacher and Co.	25	25	yr. 1½	0.45
	500	500	yr. 30	500

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar	750	750	250	5662
Albert (Karachi)	1100	1100	45	850
Bombay Cotton	125	125	15	65
Broul's Cawnpore	200	200	nil	120
Broach City	200	200	14	177
Fort	475	475	22½	150
Godavery Valley	100	100	6	150
Harvey & Sabhapatty	500	500	40	510
Hindustan P. and M.	250	250	15	125
Hinglee	100	100	6	115
Indian Cotton	125	125	10	132
Jamna Gin. & Pressing Co.	1000	1000	70	750
Khangaum	400	400	nil	385
Mahomedpura Cotton	125	125	7½	100
Mahuva	200	200	nil	140
Mercantile	125	125	nil	42
Manmar Mfg.	250	250	15	229½
New East India	1000	1000	75	1000
New Mofussil Co.	400	400	60	825
New Berar	500	500	40	532½
New Prince of Wales	500	500	30	680
Oomri	100	112	nil	50
Parbhany	100	100	10	130
Sind	400	400	30	670
Surat City	200	200	20	285
Velkart U. P. Co., Ld.	500	500	50	675
Wadhwan G. & P.	150	150	12	N

SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Advanced	500	500	yr. 20	435
Alliance	1000	1000	...	35
Berar Mfg.	200	200	...	110
Bombay Cotton Mfg.	500	500	40	125
Bombay Dyeing and M. Co.	250	250	15	565
Bombay United	250	250	11	295
Century	100	100	3	160
Central India	500	500	70	1655
China	1000	1000	...	600 nm
Ohho Silk	500	500	20	500
Colaba Land and Mill	700	700	30	1110
Coronation Mills	500	500	...	600
Connaught	300	300	...	175
Coorla	1000	1000	yr. 45	495
Crescent	100	100	4	66½
Currimbhoy	1000	1000	...	905
Crown	500	500	20	500
David	250	250	12½	370
Emperor Edward	500	500	25	...
Empress	500	500	...	175
Edward Sassoon Mill	200	200	nil	15
Fazulboy	250	250	...	192
Framji Petit	1000	1000	25	1325
Finlay Mills	250	250	10	232½
Gold Mohur	500	500	yr. 20	200
Hindustan	1000	1000	25	440
Howard and Bullough	500	500	15	350
Hyderabad	1000	1000	40	1200
Imperial Cotton	500	500	...	80
Indian Mfg.	1000	1000	...	360
Indo-China Mfg.	1000	1000	nil	750
James Greaves	500	500	...	250
Jamshed Mfg.	250	250	7½	140
Jivraj Baloo	1000	1000	...	325
Jubilee Mills	1000	1000	...	175
Khandesh	1000	610	25	775
Khatow Makonjee	1000	1000	45	700
Kohinoor	500	500	15	630
Leopold	100	100	...	32
Lakshmi Cott	1000	1000	yr. 100	1430
Madras United	1000	1000	80	2550
Manockji Petit	1000	1000	80	2625
Morarji Goculdas	1000	1000	100	2850
Mysore Spinning	250	250	...	50
Mysore Spinning	30	30	...	...
Moon	1000	1000	...	100
New Great Eastern	200	200	5	162½
New City of Bombay	500	500	20	770
Phoenix	100	100	6	77½
Presidency	1000	1000	yr. 40	325
Queen	1000	1000	nil	100
Ripon	1000	1000	...	550
Sassoon Cotton	1000	1000	yr. 60	775
Sassoon Silk	500	500	yr. 35	570
Sholapur	1000	1000	150	4150
S. Mahratha	250	250	15	140
Standard Mills	500	500	25	912½
Sun	250	250	nil	60
Swan	250	250	10	200
Swadesh	500	500	25	1045
Textile	500	500	15	350
Vishnu Cotton O.	500	500	nil	530
Do. P.	500	500	nil	615
Western India	1000	1000	25	360

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

DAILY EXPORTS—MARCH 22.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Olympia s—50 bales wool, W and A Graham ; 90 bales wool, S Madanlal ; 250 bales wool, B Hurbham ; 16 bales wool, Heerji Mahta ; 40 bales wool, H K M Jetha ; 32 cwts old rubber, John E Minitt ; 4 cases flour roller, Mody and Co ; 1,062 bundles oil cakes, A Moritz and Co ; 2,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros ; 425 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 100 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 71 bales wool, M Balia ; 119 bales wool, M Ramji; 52 bales wool, R Ajorolan; 36 bales wool, R Ragoonath ; 18 bales wool, J A Begbie 31 bales wool, M Joosub ; 5 bales wool, J Samermal ; 14 bales wool, R Bejraz ; 20 bales wool, Ebji Shivji ; 14 bales wool, J A Begbie and Co ; 36 bales wool, M Joosub ; 5 bales wool, J Samirmal ; 14 bales wool, B Pershotumdas ; 100 bales cotton, M Damji ; 503 cwts myrabollams, W Bechar ; 2,000 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co ; 325 cwts rapeseed, Z Ranji ; 5,478 cwts myrabollams, K Keshawji and Co ; 91 bales Wool, the Bombay Company; 200 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co ; 225 cwts rapeseed, G Ramji; 2,008 cwts myrabollams, E Oomeresy ; 503 cwts myrabollams, K Keshawji ; 133 bales wool, M J Joomabhoy ; 90 bales cotton, 50 cwts buffalo pickets, C Peraj and Co ; 24 bales goat hair, 33 bales wool, H Mahomed and H Ansar.

City of Benares s—104 bales cotton, Poonja Dewram.

FOR LONDON.

Persia s—16 bales cow hides, H A Omer ; 66 casks skins, Thos Cook and Sons ; 10 cases fish maws E Moledina ; 2 cwts fish maws, C Merali and Co ; 88 bales skins, 58 bales wool, W and A Graham and Co ; 47 bales hemp, R Reeves and Co ; 9 bales skins and 8 bales hides, V Esmail and Co ; 2 bales woollen carpets, Fleming Shaw and Co ; 12 bales ganja, Nusserwanji Bros; 10 bales bristle, J A Begbie and Co.

Pearlmoor s—239 bales hemp, Nathoobhai and Co; 3,250 cwts castorseed, Sanday and Co ; 6,000 cwts linseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co ; 110 cwts animal hoofs, E C Nanji.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Clan MacFarlane s—200 cwts teelseed, 2,500 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

Olympia s—20,001 cwts groundnuts, G Bhimji ; 49 bales wool, M J Joomabhoy ; 100 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Lord Kelwin s—8,720 cwts groundnuts, 4,000 cwts rapeseed, and 20,000 cwts gingellyseed, Louis Dreyfus.

FOR GLASGOW.

Olympia s—1,137 cwts myrabollams, A Khimji ; 7,014 cwts myrabollams, E Oomersey ; 10 bales twist. Sholapur Sp and W Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Persia s—3 bales woollen carpets, Fleming Shaw and Co ; 12 cases ganja, Nusserwanji and Co ; 2 bales carpets, Cox's Shipping Agency.

FOR BARCELONA.

City of Benares s—200 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

Olympia s—45 bales cotton, K Reeves and Co ; 50 bales cotton, Bamji and Co ; 100 bales cotton, The Bombay Co.

FOR MELBOURNE.

Caledonia s—25 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

Lord Kelvin s—1,400 tons manganese ore, R A Willis.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Pearlmoor s—10,240 cwts linseed and 1,600 cwts teelseed Ralli Bros 440 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 20 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

Sandown s—4,002 cwts niger seed A Blascheck and Co, 400 cwts teelseed Ralli Brothers 8,000 cwts linseed 2,000 poppyseed Louis Dreyfus and Co.

Clan MacLean s—330 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co ; 22 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 8,008 cwts linseed E D Sassoon and Co ; 2,001 cwts rapeseed, H Magonlal ; 487 cwts rapeseed G Ramji.

Bursfield s—1,996 cwts linseeds, M Fachiri; 1,000 cwts linseed, K Dewchand 2,000 cwts rapeseed, A Blascheck and Co.

Siberiene s—150 bales cottonfly, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR HULL.

Errington s—2,813 cwts 1,372 cwts cottonseed, Parekh Bros and Co ; 4,000 cwts cottonseed, C Kanji 1,000 cwts castorseed, K Dewji 8,000 cwts cottonseed, W Baucher 6,000 cwts castor seed 15,000 cwts cottonseed, Sanday and Co ; 181,807 cwts cottonseed 4,4262 cwts castorseed A Khimji 4,000 cwts cotton seed W Blythe and Co ; 2,000 cwts cotton seed S Coverji and Co ; 2020 cwts cotton seed 300 castorseed E Shivji.

Hidalgo s—80 cwts linseed Ralli Bros.

Bandown s—17010 cwts linseed Ralli Bros; 4,001 linseed Sanday and Co.

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Bampton s—2100 tons manganese ore R A Willis.

FOR ANTWERP.

England s—1,510 tons manganese ore Schroder Smidt and Co.

King Arthur s—2,300 cwts teelseed, Ralli Boos; 720 cwts cottonseed, E Bhemji ; 2,569 cwts myrabollams, H Khimji ; 1,445 cwts linseed, B S Lloyd and Co ; 4,000 cwts linseed ; 2,000 cwts rapeseed, K Dewohand ; 4,001 cwts linseed, K Kesowji and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Lichtenfels s—1 bale cotton, A Blascheck and Co ; 220 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co ; 220 bales cotton, P Vishram and Co.

Gutenfels s—55 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons ; 265 bales cottonfly, K Visram and Co ; 1,705 bales cotton, P Visram and Co ; 220 bales cotton, J A Begbie and Co ; 270 cwts cow horns, B Schedina ; 7,000 cwts linseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co ; 270 cwts gum and 625 cwts myrabollams, S Cooverji and Co ; 494 bales cotton, P Visram and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Africa s—550 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 10 cwts cashewnuts, A Bhimji ; 50 cwts gum, S Cooverji and Co ; 220 bales cotton, P Visram ; 440 bales cotton, J A Begbie.

FOR ODESSA.

Africa s—250 cwts gum, R Damji.

FOR VENICE.

Africa s—50 cases olibanum, M Jafferbhoy ; 100 bales cotton, K Visram and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Assaye s—300 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 100 bales twist, Framji Cons and Co; 150 cwts gum A H Manji and Co; 525 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

China s—100 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

Colombo Maru s—250 bales twist E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

China s—100 bales cotton Dinshah D Karanee and Co; 140 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

FOR KOBE.

Colombo Maru s—510 bales cotton, Forbes, Forbes and Campbell ; 500 bales cotton, H Goculdas and Co ; 300 bales cotton, H Oomersey and Co; 1,800 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 850 bales cotton, Tata Sons.

China s—500 bales cotton, M M Esabhoy ; 960 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR SHANGHAI.

China s—50 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co.

Assaye s—1,000 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co ; 100 bales twist, and 1,075 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co ; 100 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It remove all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, a delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot, 33 Farringdon Road London, England.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The Charge for Announcement of Births, Marriages, Deaths and Memoriam Notices, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. Cash strictly in Advance.

DEATH.

SUTHERLAND—WAITE—March 19, at Royapuram, Mary, the dearly beloved wife of Cecil Sutherland Waite, aged 42 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Elphinstone High School Sports, 3-30 p.m.
Bombay Telephone Company, Annual General Meeting, Bastion Street, 4-30 p.m.
Maneckji Petit Manufacturing Company, Ordinary General Meeting, 6 Hornby Row, 4-30 p. m.
Bombay Tract and Book Society's Annual Meeting, Y. M. C. A. Hall, 6 p.m.
Aviation Exhibition, Oval, 6-30 p.m.
Empire Theatre: "The Modern Alladin," 9-30 p.m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, three shows nightly, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Our star attraction, an unique film "The Rape of the Sabines" or The Lays of Ancient Rome.
Skating Rink: Practice Session, 8 to 9 a.m. Ladies Session, 9 to 10 a.m., Evening Sessions, 6 to 8 p.m.

Maxim: "Commerce is a game of skill, which every man cannot play, which few men can play well."—Emerson.

ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL

The P. and O. Company's s.s. "Caledonia," with the English mails of the 10th instant, which left Aden at 4 p. m., on Sunday, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 5 a. m. to-morrows.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Arcadia" will leave Bombay harbour on Saturday at 2-39 p. m.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for the Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Laurenco Marques, and places in South Africa per extra s.s. "Penlakota" will be closed at the General Post Office at 4 p.m. to-morrow, Friday, instead of on the 23rd as previously notified.

NATIONAL INDIAN ASSOCIATION.—A lecture will be given by Sir Narayan Chandavarkar on 'Woman's Soul" to-morrow, (Friday) at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.) at the residence of Mrs. Jehangir B. Petit, Mount Petit, Pedder Road, kindly lent for

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Austrian Lloyd's S N Co's steamer China, 3 868 tons, Captain P Favesich, arrived here on Tuesday evening with general cargo and passengers from Trieste, &c.

The City Line steamer City of Karachi, 3,566 tons, Captain D Morrison, arrived here yesterday from Glasgow via Liverpool with a general cargo and two passengers, leaving the former port on February 16.

The B I S N Co's steamer Lhasa, 960 tons, Captain H McDiarmid, arrived here yesterday from Karachi and Coast ports with a general cargo and 25 cabin and 350 deck passengers leaving that port on March 20.

The Wilson Line steamer Hidalgo, 2,760 tons, Captain T Croft, left here yesterday for Hull via Karachi with a general cargo.

The P and O Co's extra steamer Arcadia, 3,573 tons, Captain Barcham, left here yesterday for London, &c, with a general cargo and passengers.

The Austrian Lloyd's S N Co's steamer Nippon, 4,015 tons, Captain E Tarabochia, arrived here yesterday with a general cargo and passengers from Kobe and intermediate ports leaving the former port on February 2.

The City Line steamer City of Benares, 4,425 tons, Captain A J Elliott, will leave to-day for Liverpool via Karachi with a general cargo.

The Hansa Line steamer Lichtenfels, 3,708 tons, Captain H Wittenburg, will leave here to-day for Hamburg, &c, with a general cargo.

The B and P S N Co's steamer Khosrah, 2,410 tons, Captain J Hannah, will leave here to-day for Genoa with a general cargo and passengers.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

H M S Hyacinth ....Capt J D Dick R N ..Royal Navy
H M S Redbreast.....Lt Comdr Hon H O B Bridgeman Royal Navy
H M S Sphinx .....Comdr J Harvey R N.....Special Service Steamer
R M S Elphinstone.....Lt Comdr A St C Bowden R I Marine
R I M S General Brackenbury .....Lt Comdr Robinson Target Towing Steamer
R I M S Dufferin .....Capt Huddleston.....R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—March 22.

Bahadur.....2936Mackinnon.....T Morrison & Co
Bampton .....2798 Topp.....W & A Graham & Co
Birmingham.....2612 Carter .....T Morrison & Co
Budrie.....613 Jones .....B & P S N Co
City of Karachi ..3566 Morrison .....K Nixon & Co
Dunira.....762 Manley .....M M & Co
Fakrai.....2555 Pigot.....E Tajbhoy
Fenay Lodge.....2075 English ...W & A Graham & Co
Gymeric .....2558 Williams.....E Tajbhoy
Lhasa .....950 McDiarmid .....M M & Co
Lalpoora.....2124 King.....M M & Co
Majidi .....1857 Newby .....B & P S N Co
Nippon .....4015 Tarabochia .....A L S N Co
Rahimani .....1871 Coleta ..Calcutta ..B & P S N Co
Saild .....502 Baldwin .....B & P S N Co
Shah Jehan .....3566 Born .....Shah S N Co
Warora.....2564 Maude .....N F.....M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—March 22.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
B Colombo Marn.....	2920	Comlus	Kobe.....	26-3	N Y Knisha
C & R City of Benares ...	4465	Elliott.....	Liverpool via Karachi ...	23-3	K Nixon and Co
D & E Clan Maclean...	3952	Williamson...	Dunkirk	26-3	J F & Co
F Lord Kelvin.....	2155	Clibbon.....	.. N F...	N F	K Nixon & Co
G Tullochmoor...	2251	Johnstone	Dunkirk.....	28-3	W & A Graham & Co
H Siberian...	2023	Ormi...	Dunkirk...	23-3	..B & P S N Co
K King Arthur	2639	Alkinson.....	Antwerp...	25-3	W & A Graham & Co
N Lichtenfels.....	3525	Wittenberg.....	Hamburg via Karachi...	2-3	..W & A G & Co
P Burnfield	2515	Blackmore.....	Dunkirk...	1-4	J Mackintosh & Co
Q England ...	2471	Fancy...	Antwerp...	1-4	W&A G & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Pearlmoor ...2576 ...Dunkirk...Moffett .....25-3 J Mackintosh & Co
2 Olympia .....3269 Mitchell... ...Liverpool.....26-3 W & A Graham & Co
3 Clan Macfarlane...3575 Price .....Marseilles ...4-4 J Finlay & Co
4 Africa.....2565 Seberich .....Trieste .....1-4 A L S N Co
5 Kretos...2139 Reict Rotterdam 23 3 W & A G& Co
6 Gullenfels .....3551 Franzius .....Karachi .....1-4 W & A Graham & Co
7 Errington Court ...278 Gleghorn .....Hull.....1-4 W & A Graham & Co
8 China.....3868 Pavisich .....Kobe.....27-3 A L S N Co
9 Asaye.....4359Jones .....China ...29-3...P & O Co
10 & 11 Chupra ...3954 Henderson...Antwerp, &c 28-3 M M & Co
15 Pentakota...2209 Cole ...Durban...23-3 ..M M & Co
16 Bandown .....2456 Scott.....Dunkirk .....31-3 J Mackintosh & Co

H W P D

Bahadur.....829 Ahmed...Mangalore ..24-3...B S & Co
Courland ..760 Ebrahim ..Gulf Port 23-3 Bo S N CoLd
Makanadi..... 547 Ahmed .....N F ...N F..... Bo S N Co Ld
Sabarmati..... 524 Samasodin.....Karachi ...25-3 Bo S N Co Ld

M W D D

Marigraf.....2325 Thle ...Zanzibar ...25-3 ...A S & Co

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
21	China	Pavisich	Trieste &c
22	City of Karachi...	Morrison	Glasgow Feb 16
	Lhasa	McDiarmid ..	Karachi Mar 20
	Nipon	Tarabochia ..	Kobe Feb 2

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
22	Himalaya	Spicer	Calcutta
	Arcadia	Barcham	London
	Hidalgo	Croft	Hull via Karachi

The following vessels obtained their port-clearance yesterday :—

Steamer Khosran Hannah for Genoa.
" City of Benares, Elliott for Liverpool &c.
" Dwarka, Moxon for Persian Gulf &c.
" Lichtenfels, Wittenberg for Hamburg.

The steamer Caledonien, for Noumea &c. began to load yesterday.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessels.	From
16	Hesperides	Colombo
20	Selunga	Calcutta

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Societa Nazionale Di Servizi Maritimi steamer Isabella, from Bombay left Colombo for Penang and Singapore on the 21st instant and the same Company's steamer D. Caldanico, left Aden for Genoa on the 21st instant.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Bohemia, from Bombay, arrived at Aden on the 21st instant.

The homeward bound Messageries Maritimes Company steamer Yarra, from Bombay arrived at Aden on Tuesday the 21st instant at 10 a.m.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 13th March.

The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury :—

Amount of revised estimate in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1910-11.....	£26,645,000
Remitted from 1st April 1910 to 11th March 1911, by Council Bills *	£24,816,578
Balance to be remitted from 12th March 1911 to 31st March 1911 ...	£1,828,422

* Of this sum £ 2,545,000 has been taken to the account of the Currency Reserve.

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard, Countess of Westmeath says "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the Toilet Bath and Nursery and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition, delicately perfumed. Chemists Grocers, etc., sell it.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC are hereby informed that the POWER of ATTORNEY given by PESTONJI DINSHAWJI KHAN and BHICAJI FRAMJI KHAN on the 20th day of June, 1905, to SHAMACKCHAND HARJIVANDAS at Cochin, has been CANCELLED and WITHDRAWN.

THE JAMSETJEE NUSSERWANJEE PETIT INSTITUTE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the above Institute will be held on FRIDAY, the 31st day of March, at 5-45 P.M. (S.T.), in the Hall of the Institute, Hornby Road. (1.) To adopt the Committee's Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year 1910. (2) To appoint six Directors, in accordance with the returns of the Voting Lists, for the current year. (3) To elect two Auditors for 1911. (4.) To transact such other business as may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman.

By order,
JEEJEEBHOY P. MISTRI,
Honorary Secretary.

Bombay, 22nd March, 1911.

Upon the conclusion of the proceedings of the Annual General Meeting, the President will unveil the Memorial Portrait of the late Mr. RASTAMJI MERWANJI PATEL.

THE SHOLAPOOR SPINNING & WEAVING CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that the THIRTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Tamarind Lane, Fort, on SATURDAY, the 1st April 1911, at 2 P. M. (Bombay Time), for the transaction of the following business :—

1st. To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st December 1910.

2nd. To declare a Dividend.

3rd. To elect two Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.

4th. To confirm the appointment made by the Board of Directors in terms of clause 80 of the Articles of Association of Mr. Narottam Morarjee Goculdas as an Ex-officio Director in place of the late Mr. Veerchand Deepchand, C. I. E.

5th. To confirm the appointment of Messrs. K. S. Aiyar & Co., Incorporated Accountants, as Auditors in the place of the late Rao Saheb Hurjivan Soondardas.

6th. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY the 27th March to SATURDAY the 15th April 1911, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
MORARJEE GOCULDAS & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 17th March 1911.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

TO FREEMASONS.

"CLIPPINGS FROM A ROUGH ASHLAR".

A COLLECTION of Masonic and other Verse by P. M. BOUGHTON CHAMBERS, F. E. S. I. (Lond), F. R. S. A. (Dublin), Dedicated by Permission to R. W. B. the Hon. Sir Lawrence Jenkins, K. C. I. E., P. D. G. M., Bombay.

Neatly Printed Cr., 16-M. O. and will be shortly issued. Edition Limited. Register Orders with Publishers, B. I. PRESS, Byculla. ONE SHILLING.

"O.T."

A STIMULANT *without* ALCOHOL.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS AND STORES.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY;

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg.....	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.....	5 12 2	" "
Chester, 125 deg	4 12 2	" "
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg...	4 8 2	" "
Monkey, 125 deg.....	4 8 2	" "
Elephant, 125 deg.....	4 8 0	per two tins.
125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All cases oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coccia and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

THE REARING OF CHILDREN.

A Lecture delivered
BY
LT.-COL. COLLIE, I.M.S.

PRICE ANNAS TWO; POSTAGE ½ ANNA.

To be had from the "Bombay Gazette."

NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS,

TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.
THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS
Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.

A CHOICE CUP OF TEA
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
APPLY EARLY TO
CROFT, MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY.

WHOLESALE AGENTS :
RETAIL SUPPLIERS :—Messrs. BRANDON & CO., Victoria Terminus, and Messrs. DENISON & CO Hummum Street, Fort.

PIANOS FOR SALE FOR HIRE

On terms to suit purchasers or easy monthly payments for one or two years.

BROADWOOD.
BLUTHNER.
SCHIEDMAYER.
RICHD. LIPP.
GROTRIAN.
STEINWEG NACHF.
PAUL WERNER.
MARCKS & CO.

SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS.—A few of the above celebrated pianos for SALE as bargains, condition perfect and fully warranted for same period as new instruments.

WORN PIANOS.—We employ expert renovators, hammers refelted, toned, regulated and pianos tuned.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

***All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed] Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Thursday, 23rd March, 1911.

BALUCHISTAN FRONTIERSMEN.

MORAL education is at a very low ebb on the Baluchistan border and, although efforts are made to inculcate the principles of civilisation among the populace their manners and customs remain very much those of primitive man. So much would be gathered from the excerpts from Sir Henry McMahon's administration report which we published a few days ago. But that document contains much more information concerning the tribes over whose destinies Sir Henry presides. A fact that is forcing itself into notice among the communities in the interior of the Quetta-Pishin district, we find, is a weakening of the idea of tribal responsibility, due chiefly perhaps to the increasing civilisation and a long immunity from external troubles. The change is gradual; but it was brought into prominence last year by the failure of certain headmen and communities in the Pishin sub-division to take energetic action in connection with raids made within their borders by trans-frontier tribesmen. These raids and robberies are no new thing; but within the last few years difficulties have been increased by the acquisition of arms of precision by the trans-frontier tribes. It seems to be an easy thing to raise rifles across the border and the gangs which invade our territory are usually well armed and well supplied with ammunition. Little wonder then that our tribesmen and levies do not exhibit any special keenness in following up the robbers. Yet we find surprise expressed that in the case of a recent raid on the Segi village, when an armed body of trans-frontier Kakozais leisurely looted a Bania's shop, no attempt at interference was made by the villagers. They were wise to save their skins by standing aloof, for the villagers possess few, if any, arms and the levies carry weapons inferior to those carried by the raiders. Discretion is ever the better part of valour, and we cannot blame them if they declined to aid the bania. Our only wonder is they did not urge the raiders to carry off his books as well as the cash. A certain number of Martini rifles and carbines have now been allotted to each of the frontier posts and at headquarter stations; and a subsequent affray at Yaru shows that our levies, well armed and well led, are able to hold their own against robber-gangs. Selected Maliks in outlying villages have now been supplied with arms, as it had become evident that to create confidence we must bring our men more on a level with their trans-frontier neighbours.

At the same time frontiersmen would be dangerous individuals if in possession of arms. The Sibi agency reports troublesome conduct among the Loharanis, serious case among the Sarangzais and a feud between the Langhani and Thingiani Marris. If all these had modern arms of precision inter-tribal warfare, would have been of serious importance, and they might have caused much trouble had it become necessary to intervene. The Sarangzais of Shahrig were in a state bordering on civil war not long ago, the son and brother of the Sarangzai Sirdar having shot a nephew of one of the leading men, Khan Sahib Malik Ghani, in his sleep, on his wedding night as he lay by his bride. It was feared that the crime would cause grave internal dissension in the tribe. Great efforts were therefore made to reconcile the two parties without bringing the matter before the Shahi Jirga, and eventually a compromise was effected under which the Sirdar paid heavy compensation to the family of the murdered man. The trouble between the Langhani and Thingiani Marris was caused by an outrage by men of the latter on two women of the former "in a manner which showed that a deliberate insult was intended." The Langhanis started on the war-path, but were fortunately stopped before coming into collision. In the Loralai district the general attitude of the principal tribes was on the whole good, but grave suspicion rests on the Kattakhel section of the Lunis, of having harboured and assisted the Luni outlaw Jalai. A fight was narrowly avoided at Shabozai where the Sirdar of the Kakaro Mahomed Khan Jogezai went for the purpose of marrying the daughter of Mado Shabozai. The lady, it appeared, had already been half promised to Ibrahim Shabozai and the action of the father in giving away his daughter outside the tribe was much resented by the tribe, which marked its displeasure by cutting off the ears of the Sirdar's horse on the wedding night. The Sirdar practised forbearance and owing mainly to the manner in which he restrained his followers who were with him in considerable numbers, no disturbance took place—but the case is still unsettled.

Zhob has been troubled by the return of Sadayal Obokhel, an outlaw, who asked for pardon. The Shirani tribe objected and it was agreed that the cases against him should be dealt with according to tribal law. Sadayal gave a hostage in his brother to be of good behaviour and great satisfaction and relief was felt and expressed by the maliks of all tribes in Lower Zhob. Following this numbers of emigrants returned from across the border and, believing they thus conferred great favour on Government, sought concessions. But when the fact that their conduct had not been such that Government wished their return, and that even now no Shirani trusted another, had been impressed upon them, they were advanced fifty rupees per house to help them re-settle. Raids are of common occurrence in the Zhob Valley and a long list of them is published in the report. One of the most remarkable was that in which the gang, believed to consist of Mehsuds, Monim's Shirani outlaws and Sulemankhels, ambushed a party of the Zhob Levy Corps. The ambush was well laid and the party fell into the trap. Though they fought bravely they were outnumbered and eleven lives were lost together with four horses, eleven carbines and 431 rounds of ammunition. A riderless horse carried the alarm to Saradarga, but though parties at once galloped out in search of the raiders no trace was found of them. Later, three men fell into the hands of the Wana Police and were sentenced to fourteen years' imprisonment each—since when all serious Mahsud raids in Zhob have ceased. In another affray near Talkhankot, the Corps lost three camelmowars and five camels. But the Corps does excellent service and during the year recovered hundreds of head of cattle which raiding gangs had driven off. Life is full of interest on the Baluchistan Frontier and blood feuds and inter-tribal fights take the place of milder amusements. Yet notwithstanding all these incidents, the British administration succeeds in making progress and the regeneration of the people may be brought about—within the present century—if we persevere.

THE GOVERNOR'S VISIT TO MATHERAN.

THE Governor's visit to Matheran is likely to be a memorable event in the history of that leafy hill-suburb of Bombay, and His Excellency's weekend there will be somewhat busy what with receiving and replying to the address of the local municipality which will naturally try to make the most of the visit. Time was when Matheran basked full in official favour and had the honour of having the Governor's visits frequently. But a full half-century has elapsed since those days, when it had caught the gubernatorial fancy of Lord Elphinstone. During that long period we believe no Governor has ever visited its charming hill-top, though some had the intention of doing so. The late Sir Richard Temple, who had seen every nook and corner almost of India during his long career, was not likely to leave this spot unvisited; and he did visit it, but that was long before he came to rule in Bombay. He went to Matheran on a flying visit from Nagpur, where he was Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, and he records characteristically in his autobiography that he saw Bombay from thence at the critical period of the height of the Share Mania and foretold the gloomy fate that was soon to overtake it. As I stood, he says, "on the heights of Matheran, and watched the distant promontory of Bombay extending into the sea, a Bombay officer said how in that promontory endless heaps of rupees were accumulated. I rejoined, 'yes, but how long will they remain there?'" That was in the summer of 1863, and though the stream of rupees continued to flow for two years longer it required no ghost, as the phrase has it, to predict that the mad speculation to which it had given rise could end only in a terrific catastrophe. Happily, Sir George Clarke will view at the end of this week "the promontory of Bombay jutting out into the sea" with no such misgivings. Bombay is probably wealthier now than it was at the height of its prosperity in 1863, and its prosperity is established on a more stable basis. Nothing is so remarkable about our island as the recent growth of its northern suburbs, and His Excellency will get an excellent bird's-eye view of that "Greater Bombay" in whose further expansion he takes such a keen interest from that coign of vantage.

We only regret that the time which he has been able to snatch for his brief visit will not give him quite the best impression of the weather of Matheran. The end of March and the beginning of April are probably the most trying couple of weeks that Matheran has during the whole year. The dry scorching winds of the Deccan blow during the day and the heat is usually greater than in Bombay. This is somewhat disconcerting to the holiday maker as Mrs. Oliver, who loves the hill and has written a delightful book about it, remarks. But this somewhat unseasonable time will only serve to remind people that His Excellency's visit is not of pleasure alone, like those of his predecessor Lord Elphinstone. Habitues of Matheran indeed fondly hope that this visit may only prove the first of a series, and that their favourite hill may again bask in the Governor's favour. Lord Elphinstone was so smitten with the charms of the place, that he built a nice Government House there with extensive grounds, and stayed for long periods, coming to Bombay at midday to hold his Council and returning in the evening. He did much for his favourite hill and increased its popularity, though his name is permanently attached there only to the house which he built. This house, Elphinstone Lodge, afterwards passed into other hands and is now occupied by Mr. Herbert Greaves, and has been appropriately selected for the Governor's residence during his brief visit. Matheran has improved considerably since Lord Elphinstone's time, though Governors and high officials have not patronized it, and especially during the last decade it has expanded considerably owing to facilities of access afforded by the steam tramway to its top. His Excellency's visit may do it good by his sympathetic attention to some of its wants and thus help to make it still more popular.

BRITISH POLO TEAM.

EVERYONE interested in the game of polo will rejoice, that as Reuter's recently cable indicates arrangements have now been finally settled in a perfectly amicable manner for the tournament in America for the International Polo Cup. Hurlingham has selected a strong team and the men will leave in high hopes of returning with the cup, which the Meadowbrook team carried away from England so easily two years ago. The matches are to take place at the end of May and beginning of June, so that the team will have plenty of time for practise before their first engagement. About five weeks will be available after the arrival of their ponies, which will follow the players on the 23rd instant. All the men selected are officers of the British Army, but at the same time they are all well-known players in India. Besides Captain Hardress Lloyd, who captains the team, the other four men have all had considerable experience of the game in India, and will, therefore, be the better suited to play on the hard and fast grounds which characterise polo in America. Captains Barrett and Chespe, we may mention, are officers of the 15th Hussars and King's Dragoon Guards respectively and Mr. Noel Edwards and Mr. Palmes belong to the 9th Lancers and the 10th Hussars. Another satisfactory feature of the arrangements is that they eliminate any suggestion of financial enterprise from this effort to regain the cup. The first ides, promoted by influential organisers of exhibition polo was, that a big subscription list should be arranged, and that it should be entrusted to them to open a systematic campaign to be spread over a period of years. This seems not to have found the expected support, and the new party, who held that all that was necessary was an immediate selection of the best players and a certain amount of pecuniary support to the less wealthy of the selected players, has won the day.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Governor and Lady Clarke will hold a Reception at 9-45 p.m. on Tuesday 4th April to which the members of the Municipal Corporation, of the Chamber of Commerce, and of the Indian Merchants Chamber and Bureau have been invited.

MALIK TALIB KHAN, the British Agent in Kabul, is on his way to India on two months leave.

THE P. and O. S. N. Company's s.s. "Simla" arrived at Suez from Colombo on the evening of the 21st instant.

MAJOR P. H. ELLIOT, I.M.S., is granted combined privilege leave and special leave on urgent private affairs for six months with effect from May 5.

THE Revd. John Heron, Presidency Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, Madras, is granted combined privilege leave and furlough for two years from April 14 or the date of relief.

MR. EDWIN SCOTT, Acting Member of the Board of Revenue, is appointed Additional Member of the Madras Legislative Council, Mr. W. O. Horne having resigned his seat.

IT is reported that the Arya Samaj Mandir or temple at Patiala, which was in the custody of the police, since the sedition cases, has been at last restored to the Arya Samaj.

H. M. S. "Crescent," which arrived in Colombo, on the 11th instant, from Portsmouth, with relief crews for some sloops and gunboats on the China Station, sailed for Hongkong on Thursday last.

SURENDRA MOHAN GHOSE, student, was yesterday sentenced by Mr. Walmsley, Sessions Judge of Mymensingh, to one year's rigorous imprisonment for possessing an unlicensed revolver.

CAPTAIN WEITZ, the British Trade Agent at Gyantse, who has been on a short visit to Calcutta and Rangoon, is now on his way back to his post where Mr. Macdonald, the British trade agent in Chumbi, has been officiating temporarily.

THE ballot held on Wednesday in the rooms of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce for the purpose of electing a member to represent the Chamber on the Board of Trustees of the Port of Bombay in place of the Hon'ble Mr. R. G. Monteath who has resigned his seat, resulted in the election of Mr. D. Carmichael of the firm of Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co.

SIR Colvin Scott Moncrift, who has been making a prolonged tour in India, this cold weather, has just paid a visit to Lahore. Sir Colvin's tour is quite unofficial, his main object being to see what has been done towards carrying out the recommendations of the Commission presided over by him. He arrived in the Punjab last month and spent some time on tour in the Western Jumna Canal, subsequently visiting Malakand where a hill is being pierced by a tunnel 112,000 feet in length for the passage of a canal to irrigate the plains of Yusafzai. Sir Colvin has now left for Rajputana.

THE Congress of Representatives of the Russian nobility is demanding the unconditional exclusion of Jews, even if they have changed their religion, from all posts in the State or the Army.

LORD Strathcona, High Commissioner for Canada, has been informed that the Mint at Ottawa is now turning out sovereigns bearing the image of King George V. Only Canadian gold is used.

IT is understood that the United States have accepted the Ottoman penal law as applied to American citizens of Turkish origin. This deals, of course, with detention and punishment in Turkish gaols.

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

CARUSO AND HIS CIGAR.

Some Picture Exhibitions.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MARCH 4.

The work of Mr. Aumonier never lacks a broad serenity, and the show of his oil landscapes at the Leicester Galleries proves that this has nothing to do with the matter of size. These are cabinet pieces, and breathe just the same atmosphere as his bigger works familiar to landscape-lovers at the Academy, the same ampler ether and diviner air. Here and there one notes a departure, like the "Haymaking at Amberley," in the manner of James Maris, or the romantic "Moonrise" a la Daubigny; but as a rule Mr. Aumonier is content with his own simple muse of rural England. The "Harvest," a Lincolnshire piece, is a scheme of trees silhouetted against cool banks of cumulus cloud; his cornfields are rich in a sweet disorder of stooks and furrows; and other pieces are frankly unstudied in their wildness, like "A Poor Man's Garden," or strike an archaic note of a century ago, like the view of an open common undisturbed by any irrelevance. There are also the rich effects of sunshine one expects from this master, a riot of autumnal blaze, in No. 41; a halo of sunshine on a hill, in 26; and in "Afternoon," a deluge of fan-rays beating down upon the weald with its roll on roll of remote horizon. It is all work of the purest English type of landscape beauty, and unexampled in its way. Mr. Hugh Norris strikes a more cultivated and sophistical note with his delicate water-colour visions of gardens. He has the knack of happy combinations, but his chief merit is in leaving the scrupulous detail unconveyed and leaving the reader to fill in the obvious for himself. As for the finesse of colour and plan it is simply perfect in its æsthetic quality and the decorative result. Mr. George Belcher has, in an adjacent room, a show of originals for his full-page comicalities in the "Tatler," and these have all the racy Cockney humour he has made distinctively his own. He shows here and there a healthy reliance on drawing and character and less on his legends, but where the legend is added it is usually fresh and infectious to a degree. The only defect in some of these originals is that they have been cut and pieced together showing some amended fault or substitution in a figure, but whatever the device or intention has been it has usually resulted in something very near perfection. As for the collection as a whole, it has laughter pervading it from end to end. Who could resist the hauteur of the lady who on being threatened to be put out retorts, "My good young man (hic), I may be'ot stuff, but I'm not a fire!" Or the righteous indignation of the man in kilts who refreshes himself, asks for the bill, learns that refreshments are free, and then blazes out with, "No charrge! an' there's ma wife sittin' doon stairs awe nicht and never a bite to eat!" Finally we like the condescension of the philanthropist who greets a lame man with the bland and lofty query, "What is—ah—your particular walk—ah—that is to say, your—ah—limp in life?"

WATER-COLOURS.

The annual exhibition of water-colour masters at Agnew's is a sort of humble relative to the winter exhibitions of old masters at the Academy; and, like humble folk, it is more constant, seeing how often Burlington House has abandoned its tradition on insufficient excuses. The present show in Bond-street has many classics, with just a few moderns like Tom Collier and G. M. Wimperis; and the century between these and Girtin and Cozens is filled with enough examples of the different stages of water-colour development to constitute the show a very fair survey of the art. Cozens and Girtin are shown in parallel, as it were, for the Italian studies of the one and the Yorkshire abbeys of the other are cast in just that sea-green tone which one may say in this particular medium was the cool of the morning that preceded the blazing meridian of Turner. There are several full-blown examples of Turner's florid later style, and several are examples of the feudal flattery with which he invested themes like Kidwelly and Belvoir Castles. But the Ullswater is Turner at his noblest and best, and the only misgiving it creates in one is that the true romance of triumphs like this led to so much arbitrary use of irrelevant rainbow and stormcloud by his contemporaries. Melodramatic meteorology of this kind is pretty plentiful around the walls in Agnew's present show, as well as the tritely picturesque with which some of the veterans of the water-colour societies familiarise us to the point of tedium. Some of the most welcome things in the exhibition, like the landscape studies by M. Harpignies and the late Cecil Lawson, are not exempt from the same dash of theatricality but at least they are done with vigour and freshness and a fine contempt for small devices. There are some good fashionable portraits, too, of the Downman and Edridge period, and the [illegible] hundred examples as a whole are well worth [illegible], especially in the lustre of the spring [illegible] have been enjoying lately.

OPERATIC NOT[illegible]

The disappointment caused a[illegible] opera goers by the omission [illegible] scheme of the forthcoming [illegible] mitigated to some extent [illegible] announcement of its intention [illegible] season of German opera in the autumn [illegible] two cycles of the "Ring." If, indeed, this [illegible] ment could be made a standing rule, there would be a good deal to be said for it, for in some ways, at least, the autumn is a better time for doing works such as the "Ring," than the fashionable summer season. It is understood that in the autumn we may hear also Humperdinck's "Konigskinder" and Strauss's "Rosenkavalier."

Signor Caruso's stipulation that he must be allowed to smoke in his dressing-room when he sings at the Vienna Opera recalls the cases of many other famous tenors who have been devoted, like Caruso, to tobacco, the most notable of them all in this respect being, of course, that other famous tenor, the Caruso of an earlier day, Don Giovanni di Candia, better known to the world at large as Mario. Of him it is said that a cigar was literally never out of his mouth except when he was eating or sleeping or singing.

Mario, indeed, smoked even upon the stage on some occasions; in Spain, for instance, where his idolising audiences, knowing his weakness, insisted on his doing this. He nearly did the same thing also in London once, though unintentionally. He was just going on to sing, quite forgetting that he had a cigar in his mouth, when someone behind the scenes happened to notice him, and saved the situation. Caruso has not yet distinguished himself as a smoker to quite the same extent.

SIR HENRY WOOD.

An interesting sketch of the career of Sir Henry J. Wood is a feature of the new number of the "Musical Times," and incidentally some interesting information, is given as to his views on choral singing and the means which he adopts to get them carried into effect. It is still not fully realised by all of Sir Henry Wood's admirers that he has given quite as much attention to the art of choral singing and conducting as he has to the orchestral side of his work. An example of his painstaking is afforded by the substantial volume of 108 pages containing instructions to the Sheffield choralists as to the study of Bach's Mass in B. minor, which will be given at the Festival this year. In this each vocal part has a separate sections and the difficulties of each chorus are dealt with page by page, while at the end of each section certain passages are printed which are to be used as vocalises for daily practice. If Sir Henry Wood had not become a famous conductor he might have won distinction with his pencil. At first, indeed, he intended to become a painter, and to this end went to Heatherley School of Art, in Newman-street and afterwards to the Slade School of Art where he studied under Legros; and that he still plies his brush as an amateur is shown by a reproduction of one of his recent sketches which embellishes the article in question.

SIR W. S. GILBERT'S COLISEUM SKETCH.

Sir William Gilbert's sketch, "The Hooligan," produced at the Coliseum the other night, is one of those things that provide food for melancholy reflection rather than material for enjoyment. The scene is a condemned cell, and a half-witted, diseased youth is about to be hanged for the murder of his "girl." In abject panic, he confesses his crime to the warders who are about to lead him to the scaffold, and reveals, in speech after speech of morbid realism, the condition of what he, no doubt, calls his "mind." On the entry of the Governor, of the gaol his fright becomes insane terror shot through with the spirit of murder; but it is a reprieve that has come to him, not the rope. And the shock kills him. He falls dead. The only right effect of such a picture is a sense of shame at the condition that can [illegible] up such a creature as this wretched hooligan, with neither brains nor body, and therefore, with neither morals nor imagination. There are [illegible] people. Many of them come into the glare of publicity in the police reports; the majority live and die known only to their equally ignominious associates; and Sir William Gilbert's picture of one of them is a hideous piece of realism, at which the thoughtful spectator must shudder. The part of the hooligan is acted by Mr. James Welch with terrible fidelity to the type, and after the fall of the curtain he was called four times and cheered, though less flattering sounds were heard from spectators who had, presumably, been reduced to anger by the play rather than to thoughtfulness.

SNOW SCENES AT THE GARRICK.

The wintry setting of "The Merry Wives of Windsor," at the Garrick—which Mr. Asche has based upon the allusion to the appearances in the winter of the fairies in Windsor Forest (a legend which, of course, does not prevent a pretended appearance of them in the spring or autumn)—reminds me of the revival of "As You Like It," with which the Shaftesbury Theatre opened in the year 1888, and in which Miss Wallis was the Rosalind. For this occasion the allusion to "the shade of melancholy boughs" was taken to imply autumn, and accordingly, all the Forest of Arden scenes were pathetic harmonies of gold and russet brown. As a setting to the high spirits of Rosalind and the romance of Orlando, they were about as depressingly incongruous as any that can be conceived. Two years ago, at the Lyceum, a worse thing was done in "Hamlet." The allusion to "a nipping and an eager air" was taken to mean that the depths of winter had been reached. Accordingly the scenes on the platform of the Castle were represented as deep in snow; in spite of which the dawn still came soon after one o'clock in the morning, and the Ghost, up to his ankles in Nature's wintry carpet, still caught sight of the glowworm showing [illegible] matin to be near! In all such cases the misreading of a single line in the play can lead to any number of anachronisms.

FIRST NIGHTS AT THE GAIETY.

To-morrow Mr. George Edwardes produces the new musical play at the Gaiety. The house on these occasions is one of the sights every one should see. At no other "first nights" are so many pretty women to be seen in the auditorium, and it need hardly be added that only at very few are so many faces to be seen on the stage. There is a [illegible] of brilliancy over the whole scene. [illegible] stalls and boxes is perhaps a [illegible] the wild enthusiasm of pit and [illegible] appearances and performances of [illegible] softens and humanises it. Then [illegible] ment over the new song that is [illegible] the day." Sometimes, oddly [illegible] a bad reception. "Yip-i-addy-i-ay" was "guyed" on the first night, years ago, when "A Gibbs." And I remember [illegible] night, years ago, when "A [illegible] grew" was sung for the [illegible] Within a fortnight it was [illegible] med all over London.

MUNICIPAL COM[illegible]

A MEETING of the [illegible] Bombay Municipal Corp[illegible] afternoon, the Hon'ble Mr. [illegible] presiding.

Consideration was given to a letter from the Municipal Commissioner, regarding the improvement of Bhattia Baug and the re-alignment of tramway tracks in the vicinity.

In that letter the Commissioner stated as follows:—Three tracks of rails have been provided between the gar

THE EAST IN PARLIAMENT.

BRITISH POLICY IN PERSIA.

Customs and the Policing of the Roads.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 21.

In the House of Commons, to-day, during the discussion on the Vote on Account, Mr. Pickersgill raised the question of Persia.

Mr. McKinnon Wood, Parliamentary Secretary to the Foreign Office, replying, said it was incorrect that we had made assent to the 10 per cent. surtax on southern imports conditional on British officers controlling the "Gendarmerie." What we had said was that we would agree if the money were employed to secure order on the southern roads.

We had suggested that British officers would be of assistance, but had not made their employment a condition. Our anxiety was first to see order maintained by the Persian Government. The whole object of any understanding that had taken place with Persia was to secure the maintenance of her integrity and independence.

He was unable to say whether the condition of the roads was satisfactory. They had been exceedingly patient, and hoped that the result would justify that course, and that Persia would shortly be able to maintain order.

Duty on Indian Jute.

In the House of Commons, Lord Ronaldshay asked Lord Morley to submit to India the ...sibility of confining the proposed export ...o raw jute, and giving a rebate on jute ... for manufacture in Britain.

...ontagu declined, adding that the ...n imposed, after carefully consider... ...bable effect on all interests, to ...niently the required revenue, Lord ...uggestion would defeat that end.

...ights over Kowait.

...sked Sir Edward Grey to lay ... the House the grounds on ...ims protective rights over ...

... replied that we had had ...ommercial relations with ...iderable period, and of recent ... been communications with the ... including the formal Agreement of 1899.

Sir Edward Grey added :—"I am not prepared to lay papers on the table at present, but may state that the condition for which His Majesty's Government have always stipulated on behalf of the Sheikh is that the *status quo* shall be maintained.

The position of Britain regarding the Sheikh had previously been the subject of communications with Turkey, and the fact that there were negotiations was the reason why it was most difficult to say when the papers would be laid.

Mr. MacCullum Scott: "Does Sir Edward Grey admit the implication that Britain claims protective rights over Koweit?"

Sir Edward Grey replied in the negative. He left to Mr. Dillon the responsibility for the phraseology of the question.

Legislature of Ceylon.

LONDON, MARCH 21.

In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. Courthope, Mr. Harcourt, the Colonial Secretary, said he did not propose to publish further papers regarding the reform of the Legislative Council of Ceylon, or papers regarding the extension of the railway to Badulla and Panara, or regarding the withdrawal of the contribution to the Ceylon Agency.

Mr. Harcourt was aware that the Governor favoured the continuation of the subsidy to the Agency for recruiting coolies on the coast of India, but a local commission did not accept his argument as altogether valid. Mr. Harcourt considered that the continuance of the subsidy could not be justified, and regretted that he must adhere to his decision.

He announced that he had recently received further representations from the Governor, regarding the proposed railway to Badulla, and was carefully considering the matter.

SEDITIOUS MEETINGS BILL.

The "Times" Criticism.

LONDON, MARCH 22.

The *Times* compliments Lord Hardinge on the wise compromise on the Seditious Meetings Bill. The journal regards the debate as an additional proof that the new Assembly intends to conduct its deliberations with dignity and restraint.

The *Times* attributes the improvement in India to the measures of the Government, among which the new laws are conspicuous. It sees cause for hope in the increasing revenue, growth of prosperity and rapid rise of the population in spite of the ravages of plague.

It argues that India is more than able to support its growing numbers, which is not a subject for alarm, rather for congratulation.

The Census makes it additionally clear that when the King is crowned in June he will be crowned monarch of one-fourth of the human race.

ANTI-ALIEN LAW IN CALIFORNIA.

SACRAMENTO, MARCH 22.

The Californian State Senate has passed a Bill, prohibiting aliens from holding land. Similar Bills were periodically introduced previously, but were never finally enacted.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL CRISIS.

Lord Selborne at Glasgow.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 22.

Lord Selborne, speaking at Glasgow, said that a settlement of the Constitutional question must be national and not partisan. The reform of the House of Lords was a necessity, but the best alternative to the revolution proposed by Government was moderate reform, coupled with a joint sessions of two Houses in normal cases of disagreement, and with a referendum on grave occasions.

Press and Adjournment of Parliament.

These are strong rumours in the House of Commons lobby that the Constitutional crisis will not be settled before the Coronation. Parliament will adjourn from May 26th, until June 27th, and the Veto Bill will not be passed before the end of August.

The *Daily News* refuses to believe that it is possible that the Government will take so grave a step, which will be hailed by the Opposition as an indication of weakness. This paper adds that it cannot be disguised that the Tories are confident of their ability to force a compromise upon the Government.

The *Daily Chronicle* thinks that an adjournment will not be unpopular.

Both the *Morning Post* and the *Daily Chronicle* state that prominent Liberals and Labour members have lately been sounded unofficially regarding their willingness to consider a compromise.

THE BAGHDAD RAILWAY.

Agreement with Porte Signed.

CONSTANTINOPLE, MARCH 21.

The agreement between the Porte and the Baghdad Railway Company has been signed. It is expected that the railway will reach Baghdad in five years. The signature leaves the way clear for the Porte to discuss the Gulf question with Britain.

UPROAR IN FRENCH CHAMBER.

Socialists Outvoted.

PARIS, MARCH 22.

There was a tumult in the Chamber, last evening, resulting from the Socialist attack on the creation of an Under-Secretaryship of Justice for M. Malvy, whose interpellation led to M. Briand's downfall. The Premier was shouted down for twenty minutes.

Finally a vote of confidence in the Government, was voted by 363 votes to 103, despite the strong opposition of the Socialists.

RECIPROCITY AGREEMENT.

Montreal Student Riots.

MONTREAL, MARCH 22.

Riots broke out here among students on the occasion of the demonstrations against the Reciprocity Agreement. A carriage belonging to Mr. Sifton, an ex-Minister in the Laurier Cabinet, was attacked and burned.

SIR EVELYN WOOD.

Appointed Constable of the Tower.

LONDON, MARCH 21.

Sir Evelyn Wood has been appointed Constable of the Tower of London.

ITALY'S JUBILEE OF UNITY.

Congratulatory Messages.

LONDON, MARCH 21.

Various European Parliaments to-day passed resolutions congratulating Italy upon the Jubilee of her Unity. The Clerical Parties opposed the motions and did not vote, a Unity was achieved at the expense of the Pope's temporal power. Their opposition in the Belgian Parliament led to uproarious scenes.

INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION.

A National Declaration.

LONDON, MARCH 22.

The Lord Mayor, in a letter, states that he is prepared to take steps to elicit a national declaration on the subject of Sir Edward Grey's appeal for international arbitration, which, he says, is the supreme need of the period.

ARBITRATION MOVEMENT.

Anglo-American Project.

NEW YORK, MARCH 22.

The movement, embracing commercial, religious and financial interests, with the object of arousing national and international support in favour of the Anglo-American arbitration project, will be formally launched at the Peace dinner on April 8th. Sir Edward Grey and Mr. Carnegie have been invited.

THE INDIAN LOAN.

LONDON, MARCH 21.

The Indian loan is quoted at 3/8 to 1/2 premium. Applicants receive 38 per cent.

CORONATION PLANS.

Arrangement for Bonfires.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 22.

Plans for Coronation bonfires are maturing. Detonating rockets will be fired at 9-55 at night and bonfires will be lighted at ten o'clock on every prominent height. The National Anthem will be sung, while the hills will be illuminated with red, white and blue.

The Coronation Day, June the 22nd, will be a general bank holiday. The Day of Royal Progress, June the 23rd, will be a bank holiday in London only.

THE HAGUE, MARCH 22.

The Prince Consort will represent Queen Wilhelmina at King George's Coronation. The Prince Consort will head a special mission.

Delhi Durbar Date Fixed.

LONDON, MARCH 22.

King George has signed the Proclamation, fixing the date of the Delhi Durbar. The Proclamation will be published here and in India to-morrow.

LANDSLIPS IN NORTH INDIA.

Loss of Life at Bannu.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MARCH 22.

A diversion of the line has been made round the slip at mile 37-19 on the Kalka-Simla Railway and the through running of trains was restored to-day.

LAHORE, MARCH 22.

A telegram, dated the 19th instant, says that there has been another big landslip at Nila Tarapa near Rajrawana on the Srinagar road. The road is now quite dangerous.

A telegram from Garhi also reports new big landslips between Garhi and Saran Chauki. Coolies are working on the road.

Another serious landslip as a result of heavy rains occurred near Zarnwarn. A party of nine Mahomedkhels Waziris with their flock of goats and sheep were encamped under the hill at the time, near the spot where the Kurrum river enters Bannu. They were overwhelmed in the debris, only two escaping with their lives.

THE DECCAN SABHA.

Fees for Secondary Education.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, MARCH 22.

At a special meeting of the Council of the Deccan Sabha, held yesterday evening, in Poona City, it was resolved, after a short discussion, to appoint a committee to draft a representation to Government on the question of raising fees in the secondary course of education. The consideration of the Hon'ble Mr. B. N. Basu's amendment to the Civil Marriage Act, which it was the intention of the Council to discuss, was postponed to a later date, though the opinion of the majority was in favour of the proposed amendment.

EUROPEAN DROWNED AT RANGOON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, MARCH 22.

While on his way down the river to Syriam last evening, a European named J. Allison, formerly a sergeant of the Rangoon Police, jumped overboard from a ferry boat and all efforts to save him proved futile. The deceased was 28 years old, having been in the police for a short time only after taking his discharge from the Royal Welsh Fusiliers at Shwebo. He lost his last position in the Burma Oil Company on Saturday and had been since despondent. However, at the time he was on board, he seemed in good spirits and challenged one of his friends to a swimming match, which the latter declined. Allison, before he could be prevented, jumped over the side of the boat.

VICEREGAL NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 22.

His Excellency the Viceroy granted private interviews to the Hon'ble Raja Partab Singh Bahadur, C.I.E., of Partabgarh, the Hon'ble Vasudeva Raja of Kollengode and Mr V. P. Madava Rao this afternoon at Government House.

Her Excellency Lady Hardinge honoured the Maharani Adhirani of Burdwan with a visit at Alipore yesterday afternoon.

Her Excellency opened the New Surgical Block at the Medical College Hospital at 5 p.m. to-day.

HELMAND CANAL PROJECT.

Construction Work Delayed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 22.

Reports from Kandahar show that the Helmand canal project, upon which His Majesty the Amir had spent large sums of money, is not making great progress. The headworks are near Girishkhand. They were badly damaged some time ago by heavy floods which came down the river. The repairs seem to have been more than the Afghans could effectively manage and hence the construction work has been delayed.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 22.

Lieut. Bake, 70th Company, R. G. A., Fort William, is appointed to No. 8 Mountain Battery, Rawalpindi, and Lieut. Russell, 94th Company, to No. 6 Mounted Battery at Quetta.

Lieut. Nennett, No. 7 Mountain Battery, is transferred to the Home Establishment on promotion.

Lieut. A. F. V. Jarrett and 2nd Lieut. S. H. Wright, R.A. are transferred from Home to Nos. 70 and 94 Companies, R. G. A., respectively.

Major F. T. Oldham, R. F. A., is permitted to retire from the service.

Captain Percy Smith, 1st Middlesex Regiment, is appointed to the Egyptian Army.

Major Butler, Dorset Regiment, is appointed General Staff Officer, 2nd grade, at Aldershot.

Major-General Hastings, Commanding the Mandalay Brigade, has seven months' leave.

Major Tyler, 17th Infantry, is appointed Commandant of that regiment.

Lieutenant G. B. Lucas, unattached list, is posted to the 107th Pioneers.

Captain Reid, 81st Pioneers, is appointed Officiating Assistant Cantonment Magistrate at Ambala.

NOTES ON INDIAN INTERESTS.

THOUGHTS BY A NATIVE THINKER.

"WE" One thing which has struck me in the utterances, at the meetings of the Bombay Legislative Council, of the Law Member, the Hon. Mr. Chaubal, was his constant use of "We" in reference to whatever is done, or proposed to be done or desired, by Government. "We propose to provide so much for education"; "we have completed the scheme of improving the police force"; we are experimenting with a sort of half training of teachers"; and so on. It points to a complete identification of the speaker with the Government, an identification all the more significant, because there is not the slightest trace of self-consciousness in it. What does it mean? It is an indication, however slight in itself, of the fulfilment of the one main object of the Reforms, namely, to bring together the Government and the people, to interest the people in the welfare of the commonwealth by enlisting their active co-operation. The silent operation of the new measures will inculcate the one lesson of supreme importance, that the Government and the people, at their best, are one and indivisible, that they cannot possibly have divergent aims and interests. They will demolish the barrier, which was supposed to stand between two opposite camps. Mr. Chaubal's "We" may be regarded by the narrowminded as the merging of the citizen in the bureaucrat. I welcome it rather as a sign and a promise of harmony and union by an ultimate fusion of interests, which, in the past, were sometimes really conflicting, and were often supposed to be so.

PRIMARY EDUCATION. It would be uncharitable to assume, in the absence of specific evidence, that in the discussion on primary education, Mr. Chaubal took the Government view, simply because he is an official. I, for one, incline to the official view on this question. I fully appreciate the eagerness of popular representatives, all over the country, for the spread of education. If there is one department of the administration on which they will not grudge any expenditure, the Government may choose to make, it is education. It is a standing grievance on their part that whereas, other charges are rapidly increasing, the expenditure on education is not growing at anything like the same rate. H. E. the Governor said in his Convocation address that the education charge of this presidency, "pro rata" is higher than that of any other province. But that is not enough, say the critics. It may be relatively high, but not absolutely adequate, especially with regard to the education of the masses. Their feeling was voiced by the Hon'ble Rao Bahadur Joshi, who moved that the Government be pleased to make provision for 500 new primary schools in the new Budget, raising the assignment by Rs. 1,50,000, the addition being met by a corresponding reduction, either in the Public Works or Police estimates. So many reforms, social, economic and hygienic, depend upon the enlightenment of the masses, that we are naturally in a hurry to educate them, as fast we can. But it is not perceived by enthusiasts that we cannot force the place, that the progress has to be regulated by the circumstances and conditions which have to be encountered. No one will question the keenness of the local Government about primary education. They would rather take away something from higher education in order to feed it. They had laid down a programme of starting 1,655 schools in three years, out of which they have already opened 1,100 schools. Of the remaining 500 schools, in round figures, which are still to be opened, they have budgeted for 200 for the next year. It was found by practical experience that the rate of expansion in some districts was beyond the wishes and requirements of the people, and that in a number of places schools had either to be closed for want of attendance, or removed to places where they were more likely to supply a want. It was also contended that it would be a mistake to open a large number of schools, at a rush, in the absence of a fair supply of competent teachers to take charge of them and that it was better not to have a school, rather than one, where the children were ill-taught. A parade of figures may satisfy the enthusiast. But quality, not quantity irrespective of quality, should be the determining factor in the spread of mass education. These are sound arguments. Compulsory education is proposed as a remedy for the apathy and indifference of the masses. Apart from financial considerations, the measure would be much too premature, when eighty per cent. of the population are absolutely illiterate.

LOCAL OPTION. The debate in the Legislative Council on the Hon. Mr. Parekh's motion in favour of local option within specified areas was maintained at a high level. In the end, the good sense of the Council prevailed, and the proposition was rejected, several non-official members being in the majority. The evils of local option greatly preponderate any good that may be derived from it. It would establish the tyranny of the majority in a matter of choice and free-will, and in India it would resolve itself into the tyranny of caste over caste, and race over race. It would be manifestly unjust that in an area inhabited by a thousand adults of various castes and communities, the liquor shops within it should be absolutely interdicted by a vote of say 600 against 400, and the iniquity of the procedure is accentuated by the fact that the majority, where it consists of higher classes of Hindus, to whom liquor is forbidden by their religion, will thus be enabled to practise upon others a sort of religious intolerance in one of its most odious forms. So long as the doctrine of zealous temperance advocates, that drinking is altogether and in all cases an evil which must be absolutely prohibited by the law, is not accepted either by the State or the general public, it would be very hard measure on those who do not object to drink, that they should be deprived of their liberty at the bidding of a majority. It would be penalizing the temperate many for the intemperate few. Even the very majority may comprise men who, although at heart they may be opposed to prohibition, and may have no objection to have a dram on occasions, have been compelled from a sense of shame and decency to vote with it, in favour of local option. When the question of temperance is discussed in the Congress, delegates are ready to declaim warmly against intoxicants, although there is an appreciable number among the educated classes, who have so far overcome their religious scruples as to enjoy a clandestine drink. The non-official members, who opposed Mr. Parekh's motion, laid stress upon education as the surest remedy for the evil of intemperance. Local option, judging it purely as a remedy, is a measure of very doubtful utility. It would practically be local compulsion. It would be an arbitrary enforcement of the will of one section of the community upon another. It would be granting by law liberty to one class of men to fetter that of another. The principle of local option may be traced in the appointment of advisory committees, and there it must stop.

SUBSIDIZED JOURNALISM. I AM heartily in accord with the opinion, all but universal, of my countrymen against the principle of subsidizing newspapers by Government. A great noise has been created, particularly in Bengal, over the subsidy which has been agreed to be paid to Mr. Novendronath Sen of "The Indian Mirror" for publishing, on the lines of that paper, a vernacular journal, and supplying the Government with a stated number of copies for distribution. Mr. O'Grady bluntly remarked in the House of Commons that it was, in fact, a manufacture of opinions by Government for the consumption of the public. The arrangement is justified by the authorities, on the ground that a partial and one-sided view is generally presented to its readers by the vernacular press, and that view happens to be commonly opposed to Government. In India, the vernacular press discharges the functions of a standing and permanent opposition, to which there is little in the way of corrective, and this it is urged, will be supplied by subsidized journalism. I do not think it will answer the purpose. The contents of a semi-official newspaper established here and there will be looked upon with suspicion and discredit. It may try honestly to correct error or avert prejudice, but it will be distrusted as an inspired organ interested in the dissemination of certain prescribed ideas and principles. This impression will not be counteracted by the most emphatic declaration of Government that they were not going to dictate their views or policy to the subsidized organ. Although its conductor may be a perfectly honest man, he is likely to be biased, however unconsciously, by the fact of the bargain made by him, and he will be more than human, if he will not be influenced in the slightest degree by a desire to please his patrons. Supposing that State patronage made absolutely no difference in the views and policy of the paper, the people will never divest themselves of the belief that they have been manufactured to order and that the officials have been pulling the strings from behind. It would be comparatively a better thing for Government to have their own organ avowedly issued by themselves. It will be a frankly direct method of instruction which will make a better appeal to the people. It would be well for Government to consider the advisability of issuing explanatory notes and leaflets, from time to time, expounding fully and clearly their policy and objects, with regard to measures which were likely to lead to misapprehension or misrepresentation. Besides the constitution of the reformed Councils furnishes ample materials to people, who will care to think, to form their own judgment on public questions, because it provides full scope for argument and discussion from every point of view.

DION.

SMALL-POX IN MADRAS.

A Severe Epidemic.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MARCH 22.

The small-pox epidemic in Madras is daily assuming more and more serious proportions, the parts most effected are Georgetown and portions of Royapuram and Washermanpet. In Triplicane there have been good many cases, but the epidemic in its severest form is not to be found in that locality. It is Georgetown that so far has suffered most from the ravages of the disease, this being due to the act of insanitary conditions obtaining here.

Dr. W. R. MacDonald, Health Officer of the Corporation has been given a free hand in the matter of fighting the epidemic and has already opened a temporary isolation hospital at Veysarpadi in which there is accommodation for Europeans and Eurasians as well as for Indians. At Krishnampet there is another Hospital, but this is only for Indians. The Vaccination staff is being kept continuously busy and already there have been a large number of re-vaccinations.

At the monthly meeting yesterday of the Madras Corporation much useful business was transacted and one of these related to emigrants and epidemics. An item in the proceedings of the Standing Committee referred to the cost of extra establishments in Egmore and Krishnampet hospitals in connection with cases of small pox which had occurred among Indian emigrants from Natal. The President remarked that emigration agents had paid the cost incurred.

Dr. T. M. Nair then moved the following resolution:—While approving of the action of the President in employing additional staff at Egmore and Krishnampett hospitals on account of small-pox cases among emigrants from Natal, the Corporation requests the President to bring to the notice of Madras Government the defect in the existing law whereby the Corporation sanitary authorities are left without any voice in the sanitary control of the port and to request the Government to create a Port Sanitary authority similar to those existing in England in which the Madras Corporation adequately represented. This was seconded and carried.

DEATH OF MAHARAJAH OF JODHPUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 22.

H. H. Maharajah of Jodhpur, who has long been ailing, died of pneumonia at his capital on Monday night. He leaves a young son, who is now under instruction in the Chiefs' College at Dehra Dun.

ALLEGED BREACH OF TRUST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MARCH 22.

Messrs. King and Partridge, Solicitors on behalf of Mr. E Steiner, Manager of Messrs Volkart Brothers, have filed a complaint in the Town Police Court against Mr. D. Sadasiva Row, until recently dubash of the firm charging him with criminal breach of trust and criminal misappropriation etc, under sections 403, 406, 408 and 417 of the Indian Penal Code. His Worship recorded affidavit and directed notice to be issued to the accused.

DR. BENTLEY'S APPOINTMENT.

A letter from the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam is published, stating that Dr. C. A. Bentley has been appointed a special Deputy Sanitary Commissionor.

Dr. Bentley's engagement with the Government of Bombay as special officer to investigate the conditions of malaria will terminate at the end of March.

A Bombay Government resolution states:—In recording the termination of Dr. Bentley's engagement with Government, H.E. the Governor in Council desires to express his high appreciation of the excellent work done by Dr. Bentley during the period of his special duty in connection with the investigation of malaria in the City of Bombay.

THE MOHORRUM RIOT.

One More Sent to Jail.

At the Mazagaon Police Court, yesterday, Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad, disposed of a case in which Inspector Draper charged Sheikh Adam Shiekh Shabudin alias Dadamia, a Mahomedan, with rioting and with being a member of an unlawful assembly at Rangari and Halla Moholla, on the 12th January last, the tabut immersion day.

Superintendent Sanderson conducted the prosecution, while Mr. Oliveira, pleader, defended the accused.

The accused was identified by Inspector Draper as the person who was shouting out and inciting the crowd to "lagao" (i.e. attack) the Rangari Moholla tabutvalla on the night of the Katal-ke-rat. This led to stones being thrown at the Rangari Moholla tabut, the party accompanying it and at the police. Accused was a licensee of the old Bengalpura tabut. The accused denied the charge and called witnesses to prove an alibi.

His Worship held the charge proved and remarked that there was no doubt that there was an amount of deliberation in what the accused did. There was also no doubt that he was one of the ringleaders during the Katal-ke-rat and incited the crowd. The accused was sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment and was ordered to be bound over in the sum of Rs. 1,000 to keep the peace for a period of one year after his release from jail.

MUNICIPAL OFFICER COMPLIMENTED.

Mr. L. W. Michael, Superintendent, Municipal Licenses, appeared for the last time before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad yesterday, to conduct prosecutions of the License Department, he being appointed Superintendent of Markets. Rao Bahadur Setalvad took the opportunity of expressing his satisfaction at the way in which Mr. Michael had conducted cases in his Court during his tenure of office. Mr. Michael had helped the Court very much and had never pressed charges unnecessarily against the poor.

Mr. Michael in return, thanked the Court for the most considerate and sympathetic treatment he had received in his Worship's Court.

BOMBAY DIOCESAN CHURCH SOCIETY.

The Governor's Speech.

THERE was a good attendance at the annual general meeting of the above Society yesterday afternoon in the Town Hall, when His Excellency Sir George Sydenham Clarke, Governor of Bombay, presided. The proceedings opened with the hymn "The Church's one foundation" after which the Rev. G. F. Harvey, Honorary Secretary, offered prayer. The Honorary Secretary Rev. Harvey and the Hon. Treasurer, Mr. A. H. C. Aston, read their annual reports for 1910, showing the position of the Society. The Lord Bishop of Bombay then addressed the meeting. He explained the object of the Society viz., the controlling of Diocesan Funds and making of grants in the proportion of one-third of the amount required by any church in the Diocese for extension purposes provided that church had already raised on its own initiative the first two-thirds of the amount. The spirit of the Society was "Bear ye one another's burdens." Not only was the Society a source of financial assistance, but it made for real unity in the Diocese. In looking out on the future, His Lordship thought the great danger of the Indian Church was the fact of its dependence; it was so very unself-supporting. A Church which is not self-supporting has very little chance of surviving. The Indian Church is in more danger than any Colonial Church, than any Church at home. Any day the Church may be disestablished, support may be withdrawn—where would the Church in India be then?

Much was due, he thought, to the "cutcha" character of the work and as an example of this he instanced eight schools out of which three were on the verge of bankruptcy, a most unsatisfactory state of affairs. Ought we not to wake and shake ourselves and do something substantial and real. Something ought to be done by the Diocese as a Diocese. On a very close estimate of our requirements for another year Rs. 43,000 more than we now have as our income will be required. His Lordship hoped that some help would be forthcoming from England, but appealed to the members of the Diocese of Bombay to further the cause by a prayerful and practical interest.

His Excellency the Governor then addressed the meeting as follows:—

THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

His Excellency addressing the meeting said:

"My Lord Bishop, ladies and gentlemen,—I feel much diffidence in addressing this Society because I only received the Annual Report yesterday and I find in it much that deserves far more thought and study than my very limited spare time has permitted. I see that this Society was inaugurated in 1904 by the late Bishop of whose wise foresight it remains as a memorial. Its objects, as defined by him, were "to secure greater sympathy throughout the Diocese with the different kinds of Church work that were going on, and definite method of co-operation which should give expression to the sympathy." Those objects appeal to me as being necessary and desirable in any diocese, but more especially so in this country where the work of the Church must be carried on under many difficulties. Its centres of activity are widely scattered over an area as large as Great Britain. Some of them are very small and the local support forthcoming is necessarily inadequate. In such a case a diocesan organization appears essential in order that the scattered units of the Church may have the means of acting as a united body and may mutually support and encourage each other. There is the further great advantage that the laity is enabled practically to co-operate with the clergy for the general good. The reports covering the years since this Society was established plainly show progress in several directions and incidentally point to the need of such an organisation. I therefore most cordially endorse the remarks of my predecessor, Lord Lamington, when he presided at the first annual meeting in 1905. He then stated that the interest aroused in a few months among the scattered adherents of the Church in this great Diocese could be regarded as 'almost a triumph' and he emphasised the advantage of co-ordination 'not by any means with the idea of restricting local action, but by giving mutual support to further the work of the Church.' So far as I am able to judge the early success of the Society has been sustained, though I can well believe that many of you hoped for greater speed of advance. The expectation of quick results is one of the most marked features of the life of the present day. Thought and action are ever turning into new directions of all kinds with almost bewildering complexity and in our impatience to regenerate the world we are apt to forget that slow advance is generally surest and that 'festina lente' remains the best motto for the true reformer, subject always to the qualification that the removal of patent evils admitting of direct remedies should never be delayed for an unnecessary day.

"The report for 1910, which is presented to-day, shows an increase of subscribing members from 9 to 132. That is a gratifying response to the appeal of the Central Committee and we may feel sure that succeeding years will show further increase as the work of the Society is better understood and its organization is consolidated. The new scheme, which creates a committee in every congregation to extend interest in the Society and to obtain members and subscriptions, should help to this end. I note in the report that 'the Committee feel that it is important that all members of Church should realize the responsibility of giving regularly to the support of the Church not only in a particular parish but also to the Church in the Diocese as a whole' and I can well understand why this point is pressed. We are all naturally apt to regard the needs which we see immediately around us as more important than all others. The former we understand, the latter we may fail to grasp for want of personal knowledge, and the Church has given to the English language the word parochial which designates this attitude of mind. It seems to me that in India the parochial view is specially undesirable. The needs of the Church are many and various. Some of them cannot be supplied by a locality. In other cases, where there are Government Churches, funds might well be made available to help in the provision of additional clergy elsewhere. Thus the broad view is surely essential to enable the Church in India to effect the greatest good of the greatest number by a wise distribution of its resources, which this Society can guarantee. The report gives us some idea of the great number and variety of the objects which have been helped by the Diocesan Society, all excellent in their several ways. There must be many others which are in urgent need of the assistance which a larger income could render possible. I hope, therefore, that the Report will be widely read, and that it will help to a realisation alike of what the Society is doing and of what it might do and will do as it develops and extends. I suggest that a map indicating the various Church centres in the Presidency and the numbers of their several congregations might be a useful aid to the imagination. It would certainly show how widely scattered are the agencies through which the Church is working and it might serve to bring home to the members the need for unity of effort, co-operation, and self-help. Even in the City of Bombay itself, I believe there are possibilities of better organization for these great objects.

"The far larger question of the organization of Christian effort as a whole in this country bristles, as I well know, with difficulties. Any student of religious progress in India must be impressed by the fact that there is much overlapping with consequent waste of force, and that sectarian divisions do weaken the power of Christian teaching. Whether, as time passes on, there will be a drawing together of these Christian communities which will end rivalries, mitigate doctrinal differences and bring about such a measure of union as would be wise to predict. In operation possible, I cannot attempt. Variations of Australia I thought there were some indications of such a development, and I know that you, my Lord Bishop, have given such careful thought to these matters. At the present time it is clear to me that closer co-operation is needed within the Anglican Church itself, and the Diocesan Society as it grows and strengthens will undoubtedly help to further this important object and thus perhaps to make straight the way to a broader co-operation in the future."

A vote of thanks to His Excellency for presiding, proposed by Sir Henry Procter and seconded by Mr. B. N. Athavle, concluded the meeting, the Bishop pronouncing the Benediction.

THE PARSI GENERAL ELECTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In his very graceful appeal in your to-day's issue to the electors, acknowledging and appreciating publicly his strong conviction, that Mr. P. M. Mehta is a greatly desirable candidate, earned by his of rendering great services to the community, Mr. Wadia asks the electors to consider themselves completely absolved from any promise or promises heretofore given by them, so far at least as Mr. Wadia is concerned. In making this appeal, and that too through the press, Mr. Wadia, in a very quiet and tactful way, deals a blow to the mischievous and vicious practice of extorting and giving pledges for vote, which promises are wrongly considered as binding, even though the candidature (as in the present case) is afterwards put forward. From this appeal of Mr. Wadia, Mr. Petit and his colleagues have seriously to reconsider their whole attitude towards Sir P. M. Mehta, particularly, as till now, they have not been able to urge publicly a scintilla of reason worth the name against Sir P. M. Mehta. On the contrary, the very flattering and eloquent testimony of Dr. Daji (one of themselves), coupled with Mr. Wadia's frank admission and appeal, coupled furthermore with the fact of Sir P. M. Mehta's candidature being put forward by Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy (the elected head of the community and the Chairman of the Charity Trust Board)—all these point unmistakably to the long established fact of Sir P. M. Mehta's undoubted superior claims. It is due to Mr. Petit and his colleagues' position, as honourable men in public life, that they should now desist from their ill-conceived campaign, and follow the very honourable course adopted by Mr. Wadia, in an equally frank, open and straightforward way. Their simple duty now lies in telling the electors, through the press, that they are left free to exercise their franchise, according to merit, ability, tried worth and past services of the respected candidates to the community. Messrs. Kharegat and Gamadia, being gentlemen of standing and position in their community, it is now naturally expected of them that they will follow and adopt Mr. Wadia's course, asking the electors, so far as they are concerned, to be absolved from whatever promises taken from or given by them; and to ask them to give their vote, on the basis of merit, ability and tried worth. If all these gentlemen disregard, as not binding, previous promises and previous arrangements, and disregard all considerations of a pecuniary character, and keep before their minds' eye free independent voting, purity of election from all coercive undue influence and pressure, they will have done a signal service to the community—a service which can only be done by subordinating promptings of personal egoism and personal bias, to the honour and welfare of the community. If Mr Wadia's course is not adopted, it is for these gentlemen to consider, if they are not laying themselves open to a construction no way flattering or complimentary to them.

Still more effectually to carry out the honourable course adopted by Mr. Wadia, is for Sir Jamsetji, (who has already honoured Sir P. M. Mehta by proposing him), in his capacity as the elected head of the community, to impress upon the electors the justice, fairness and propriety of giving votes freely and independently so that, at least, this final election, may come out in a way honourable to the community. Sir Jamsetji, of course, need not in any way identify himself with one or more candidates, keeping this convictions as to their respective claims and merits, to himself.

A PARSI.

II

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—To-morrow the members of the Anjuman Committee will be called upon to exercise their right of filling up the three vacancies in the Parsi Panchayet. Never before in the history of the Parsis has an event happened which has aroused so much interest. Under ordinary circumstances, the election would have come and gone without there being much cause for anxiety; but as it is, the event is being awaited with a degree of apprehension and misgiving. By an unfortunate combination made at an early stage of the progress of the scheme, a particular candidate has been sought to be ousted. If the organisers of the combination had only tried to secure good and reliable men on the Anjuman Committee and left the choice of the Trustees entirely into their hands, according to the true intent and purpose of the scheme, their efforts would have, indeed, been praiseworthy. But when they go a step further and exercise the choice of the Anjuman Committee for them, foist a trio of their own selection on the Committee and work directly against a particular candidate, and that too by far the best and greatest, the very idol of the people, they ought to be told in clear terms to mind their business. The arch-organiser of the ill-fated combination—I mean Mr. Petit—has admitted and publicly deplored his predicament. Having asked the three gentlemen to stand as candidates, he could not in conscience ask any of them to withdraw in favour of another with better claims, who entered the lists later on. If Mr. Petit is committed to a course of action, the electors are not, and to them, if they pardon me, I would venture to address a few words through your columns. "Members of the Committee, the eyes of the community are upon you. Your co-religionists are looking forward to the true discharge of the confidence they have reposed in you. The pledge that you have given to the community is, that you would weigh the merits of all the candidates that might be placed before you and then exercise your free and unfettered judgment and choice. It is for you to choose and not for others to choose for you. Waving therefore all personal matters, waving particular preferences and predilections, shaking yourselves free of the influence that may have been brought to bear upon you, laying your hands upon your hearts, realising the presence of God, by the great religion you have inherited, by the law of your fathers, make a free and fair choice. And if you do there is one man that will spring uppermost in your minds, that will strike you as the most eligible of all, that will place before you undeniable claims, claims which you cannot gainsay or refute, I mean Sir Pherozeshaw Mehta. He is admittedly the best and by far the most worthy candidate. If you think of nothing against him, it is not because you think him unfit or less meritorious, but because you would say, you are asked to vote for others. Just imagine if one said argument is or could be urged against him. You are told that he is unfit, because he is an orator and the days of oratory are gone. If you think the days of oratory are gone and do not want an orator, why then there is Sir Pherozeshaw the lawyer, Sir Pherozeshaw, the man of of business, Sir Pherozeshaw the talented and zealous worker in the communal cause. He has a brilliant record of public services to the country behind him. Again and again have the Trustees of the Panchayet gone to him in the past to profit by his advice and experience, and again and again has he readily and ungrudgingly laid his valuable services at their disposal. It would be ungrateful ness on our part, if we left him out now. Now is the time to show by returning him at the head of the poll that the community is ever ready to reward merit and services and by so doing, we would not only be discharging a duty, but we would be encouraging rising merits to emulate the example of that valiant Knight.

"Do not, therefore, enter into any bye-ways which would lead you off the path marked out straight before you. Do not wander into the bogs and morasses of doubt, but be firm and independent in the exercise of your right."

I have unbounded faith in the good sense, integrity and independence of the Anjuman Committee of which I am

A HUMBLE UNIT.

FOOTBALL IN SECUNDERABAD

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, MARCH 22.

The first match of the Secunderabad Annual Football Tournament was played on the Maidan on Monday. The contending teams were the King's Own Shropshire Light Infantry and the Royal Artillery and was won by the former by two goals to one.

Another draw of the same cup was played yesterday between Sherwood Foresters and the Leicestershires, the contesting parties are old rivals having met annually for the past four years in succession in the finals of this competition. The game opened fast and up to half-time the Leicesters were leading by one goal to nil. In the second half the Foresters pressed a good deal and many times it looked as if they were going to score, but were unfortunate owing to the stubborn defence of the Leicesters' backs who thus won by one goal.

SPORTING NEWS.

THE BOMBAY JACKAL CLUB.

Point-to-Point Races.

The members of the Jackal Club gave their annual Point-to-Point meeting and garden party on Saturday last at Matrole.

If possible the races this year were even more successful than they were last, and as usual the food and drink supplied were of the best. Appreciation was freely expressed over the excellence of the strawberries and cream and caviarre sandwiches and I'm bound to admit that both were wonderfully good.

There was one point about the meeting this year that made all the difference to the comfort of everybody who came by train and that was that arrangements had been made that a large motor charra-bane should meet the special train at Andheri. The result of this was that instead of arriving at the races hot, dusty and almost jolted to death, we had a very pleasant drive in a motor-car and were able to keep cool, and consequently to enjoy the subsequent proceedings much more than we otherwise could have done. The first item on the programme was a jumping competition for horses in which the following four sportsmen started out of an entry of eleven :—

Mr. A. K. Graham's Logic
Mr. G. K. Withers' Paddy
Mrs. Hamlet's H. E
Mr. J. H. W. Knight Bruce's The Childe of Hale

Mr. Kinght Bruce led off and put up a very fine round with scarcely a mistake. Mr. Withers followed, but never seemed a likely winner as his horse, Paddy, was not anything like up to his usual form and dropped his hind legs into the wall rather badly. He also seemed to be going very stickily between the jumps. Mr. Graham on Logic did a first rate round as did Mr. Harter on H. E. up to the cactus hedge which he refused. Logic and the Childe of Hale were called out again for another round which was won by the former as the Childe refused the first fence three or four times. When he eventually decided to jump he gave the most brilliant exhibition of the afternoon, but the refusing told against him and the 1st prize was awarded to Logic.

The following four started for the Pony jumping, out of an entry of six.

Mr. H. D. Ash's Pearl
Mr. H. Blair's Nimrod
Mr. A. K. Graham's Logic
Capt. J. L. Lunham's Japunda

In the first round the Jumping was not of a very high order. Nimrod and Japunda both hitting the cactus and Pearl refusing the second jump altogether. Nimrod, Logic and Japunda were brought out again when Nimrod found his old form and jumped perfectly, Logic being just about as good.

Japunda jumped well, but did not appear to be in the same class as the other two. Nimrod and Logic were again called upon and both ponies gave a faultless exhibition. It looked, from the spectator's point of view as if they ought to have been given another deciding round, but after a long consultation the judges awarded 1st prize to Logic for the second time in the afternoon.

There was then a short interval for tea and after tea, feeling considerably stronger we prepared for the really serious business of the afternoon.

The Bombay Hunt Cup, which came next on the card was competed for by the following, Mr. Power's Ripple and Mr. Wilson's Alphonse being the only absentees.

Mr. G. C. Phillip's	Timothy
Mr. F. Kennedy's	Smut
Mr. A. K. Graham's	Swiveller
Mr. G. K. Withers'	Paddy
J. H. W. Knight Bruce's	The Chile of Hale
Mr. J. Crawford's	Good Luck
Mr. M. Rommel's	Better Luck
Mr. J. A. Stewart's	Firefly
Mr. T. V. Barney's	Whistling Rufus

Rumour had it that the race lay between Timothy, Swiveller, Better Luck and Good Luck, the majority of people fancying Better Luck's chances a shade more than the others. They all got away to an excellent start and going past the shaimana for the first time Whistling Rufus was leading from Timothy and Better Luck. I believe that Whistling Rufus was almost running away at this point as he came straight for the crowd and having evaded them with about a foot to spare, he rushed away right-handed off the course altogether and in dangerous proximity to some quarries. This was the last we saw of him as during the race he fell and hurt his rider more or less seriously and then was thoughtless enough to go on alone to Santa Cruz leaving his unfortunate owner and Jockey to find his own way back to Marole on foot. Mr. Phillips also came to grief out in the country, but fortunately was not hurt. Swiveller eventually won the race quite easily, Better Luck and Good Luck having a tremendous fight for second place. The Graham Trophy which is held for one year by the first competitor horse in the Hunt Cup, who has never won a race and riding a horse that has never won a race, was won by Mr. Stewart on Firefly, Mr. Kennedy being second for this trophy after a very eventful ride indeed.

The Bombay Pony Hunt Cup produced nine starters as follows :—

The Hon. Mr. W. L. Graham's Blotting Kagaz
Mr. H. D. Ash's Pearl
Mr. J. B. Macky's Donegal
Major A. S. Capper's Adelaide
Mr. A. K. Graham's Forsakie
Mr. A. Kirke Smith's Sir Tom
Mr. T. V. Barney's Jawab
Mr. T. W. Luxton's Peggy
Mr. R. N. Aylward's Mickie

Mr. Kirke Smith on Sir Tom led past the Shamiana going great guns, followed by Pearl and Blotting Kagaz. The pace proved too hot for Sir Tom, who was not quite fit, and I am told that he had had more than enough soon after the turn. Mr. Barney had another toss which apparently shook him up more than a little.

Blotting Kagaz and Adelaide ran away from everything in the race, but Blotting Kagaz proved too fast at the finish and beat Adelaide by about one and a half lengths.

The Remington Trophy was won by Mr. Macky, but it would not have been if Mickie had kept out of the crowd.

In the Jackal Club Point-to-Point Race for Horses and Ponies the following started.

HORSES.

Mr. A. H. M. Wilson's Alphonse
Mr. H. Symon's Tragedian
Mr. C. W. T. Elsworth's Martinez

PONIES.

Mr. J. Crawford's Garnock
Mr. B. H. Mundy's Ali
Mr. A. K. Graham's Logic
Mr. A. Moore's Akbar Khan

Akbar Khan led past the stand followed by Tragedian and the general opinion was that these two would win the Horse and Pony race respectively as in the past. However Tragedian ran out into the crowd at the finish leaving Martinez an easy winner of the horse race. Logic won the pony race quite easily from Ali, this making the third event won by this pony at the meeting. The prizes were given away by Mrs. Cameron.

Two people stand out as being especially worthy of congratulations, one is Mr. A. K. Graham who won no fewer than four events out of five and ran 3rd in the fifth. The other is Mr. H. Blair, the Hon. Secretary of the Jackal Club; it was almost entirely owing to Mr. Blair that the meeting was the very great success it was.

RESULTS.

HORSE JUMPING.

Mr. A. K. Graham's b aus m Logic..... 1
Mrs. J. H. W. Knight Bruce's b g The Childe of Hale 2

PONY JUMPING.

Mr. A. K. Graham's b aus m Logic..... 1
Mr. H Blair's b aus g Nimrod..... 2

HUNT CUP.

Mr. A. K. Graham's b aus g Swiveller..... 1
Mr. M. Ronald's ch aust g Better Luck..... 2
Mr. J. Crawford's b aus g Good Luck..... 3

MR. GRAHAM'S TROPHY.

Mr. J. H. Stewart's ch aust g Firefly..... 1

PONY HUNT CUP.

The Hon. Mr. Graham's ch aus g Blotting Kagaz... 1
Major A. S. Capper's b g aus Adelaide 2
Mr. A. K. Graham's b aus g Forsakie..... 3

REMINGTON TROPHY.

Mr. J. B. B. Macky's ch a g Donegal..... 1

JACKAL CLUB POINT-TO-POINT RACES FOR HORSES.

Mr. E. W. T. Elsworth's, b aus g Matinee, ridden by Mr. Rommel 1

JACKAL CLUB POINT-TO-POINT RACES FOR PONIES.

Mr. A. K. Graham's br aus m Logic.....Owner 1
Mr. B. H. Mundy's b a g Ali.....Mr. Stewart 2
Mr. T. D. Moore's g a h Akbar Khan .....
.....W. Kirke Smith 3

RUSTUM.

BOMBAY VETERINARY COLLEGE.

Annual Sports.

On Monday, there took place at Parel, the annual meeting of the Bombay Veterinary College Sports Club. The grounds of the College were prettily decorated with banners and flags and the guests were received on the new tennis courts, which were opened a short time ago.

The meeting, which was an entirely successful one, was presided over by the Principal, Mr. Hewlett, assisted by the other members of the College Staff and Glanders and Farcy Department

The programme opened with the hundred yards races, there being a separate race for each of the Classes "A" "B" and "C," that is, for first, second and third year students. The final year race was won by Mr. Eapen, and in Classes "B" and "A" by Mr. Naik and Mr. Agte respectively.

After this there followed the obstacle race open to the whole College which was won by Mr. Joseph of Class "B."

The third event was the high jump, also open to the entire College, which was won by Mr. Naik of Class "B" with a very creditable jump of 5 feet 3 inches.

Following on the high jump there were the quarter-mile races won by Messrs Limaye, C.V.G. Rao, and G. S. Aiyer of Classes "A" "B" and "C," respectively.

Next came the pole jump which was very entertaining to watch, and one of the principal events on the programme. It was won by Mr. Eapen who, unfortunately fell forward on his head and hurt himself while trying to beat his own winning jump, and was thus prevented from bettering his last record.

Wrestling followed and from the onlookers, point of view was by far the most interesting item given. There were only two competitors for this, Mr Lal Khan, the victor, had the advantage in weight over his opponent, but notwithstanding this, Mr. Main- kar made a very good show. Indeed, taken as a spectacle, the wrestling was excellent.

Another event open to all was the long jump. This again showed Mr Naik, a winner. He was, however, closely followed by Mr. Agte, the winner of another event, namely, throwing the cricket ball—the distance thrown being ninety yards, two feet.

The next event was the mile race won by Mr. C. V. G. Rao in five minutes, five seconds. He was closely followed by Mr. Naik. The two of them had a close race for the cup, being abreast almost to the end. Considering that in the present sports course at the College there are over six laps to the mile, and the corners are very sharp, this time may be considered quite good.

The last item on the programme was the tug-of-war, in which the three classes of the College met each other in turn. The first contest was between the final year and second year students, the final year proving the winners.

After a sufficiently long interval, filled by a cricket race run by the servants of the College and Hospital the final tug-of-war was pulled, this time between the final year and the first year students. The latter having the advantage of rather heavier men, were the winners, after a spirited struggle.

In looking over the running and jumping contests of this meeting, the performances of Messrs. Naik, Rao, Agte and Eapen are especially noticeable. Of these, we understand, that Messrs. Rao and Naik are well known in athletic circles in their own homes in Southern India and were, therefore, expected to make a good show.

At the close of the programme, the cups and other prizes were distributed by Mr. Hewlett, and after the customary speeches, cheers and garlanding, the guests retired for tea to the College main building, and thus ended a pleasant and enjoyable afternoon.

HOCKEY.

"Elton" Junior Tournament.

The following is the result of the drawing for the Elton Hockey Tournament :—

Panchgani High School	Bye		
St. Mary's High School	Thursday 23rd	Monday 27th	Thursday 30th
Boys Gymkhana			
B. E. S. High School	Friday 24th	Saturday 25th	
Rangers			
St. Xavier's	Bye		

Play will commence daily at 4-30 p.m. Grounds—Elphinstone College.

BURNS, THE GREAT POET.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In a careful examination of the life and conduct of this great poet, and thus getting quit of the almost mythic glass which already invests it, I do not find either that pinching poverty which is usually associated with his name, or that tendency to excessive or wild irregularity which has been imputed to him. Robert Burns, "the lyric Poet of Scotland," as "Pears' Cyclopædia" styles him, was cut short by an accidental disease in the midst of life, humble indeed compared with his deserts, but one attended with no essential privations, nor so any serious extent distressing to his spirit, and not unhopeful. A very short time before his death (Burns, as we all know, passed away in 1796), he is found looking cheerfully forward to promotion in the branch of the public service to which he had attached himself; and if he had lived a few years longer, and attained his expected promotion, his situation would have been far from pitiful. In his official conduct, Burns, it is said, "displayed diligence and accuracy." He behaved himself much more like a man of the world than is generally supposed. I have carefully studied his charming poems, have carefully read his 'Life' and other books in which his honoured name is mentioned, and I can honestly say that the charges against him on the score of intemperance have been greatly exaggerated. He was never the "dram-drinker"; and his aberrations in this line were those of the age, not his own. If he had lived, say ten or fifteen years longer, we should have seen him surmounting the turbid wave of passion, and atoning for many of his errors. Then, Sir, let us give poor Burns the benefit of this ideal amendment.—Yours, &c.,

R. W. M.

ILLEGAL POSSESSION OF COCAINE.

Yesterday, at the Mazagaon Police Court, before Rao Bahadur G. H. Setalvad, Inspector E. R. Bomanji of the Excise Department, charged Ramantar Ramdin, a Purdesee, with possessing forty grains of cocaine without a license. The accused was arrested on Tuesday by the Excise Inspector and when searched cocaine was found in his possession. The accused pleaded guilty and was fined Rs. 100 with the alternative of one month's simple imprisonment.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

PARSI ZEMINDAR'S ESTATE.

Receiver Appointed.

THE First Class Subordinate Judge of Thana, Mr. S. S. Wagle, has disposed of the application for the appointment of a receiver in the suit brought by Kaikhusro Kavasshaw against Jehangir Dadabhoy and his son Byramji, to recover his share in the estate of one Dadabhoy Taraporewalla, a wealthy landholder of Tarapore.

Mr. Vicaji Taraporewalla, instructed by Messrs. Wadia, Ghandy and Co., appeared for the plaintiff to support the application; Mr. Padhaye, Pleader, was for the defendants to show cause.

It might be remembered in connection with this case that the second defendant had applied for the probate of the will of Pallanji, the son of Dadabhoy. The present plaintiff filed a caveat and on the ground of the deceased's insanity and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar, upholding that contention, dismissed the petition for probate. The plaintiff then brought this suit to recover his share in the estate and Mr. Wagle passed a decree in his favour and referred the suit to the Commissioner for taking accounts. On appeal, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Rao confirmed that decree.

Since the High Court's decree the defendants executed two mortgage deeds for about Rs. 32,000, both being payable on demand. The plaintiff, therefore, applied for the appointment of a receiver and his application was strenuously opposed by the defendants.

After hearing the arguments, His Honour, in delivering his judgment, said that on a previous occasion, the application was disposed of on the defendants' undertaking not to cut the forest till the final disposal of the suit and to render monthly accounts. As to the first undertaking His Honour said, that though the defendants had not cut the forest, they had crested in the mortgagees a right, which would enable the latter to obtain decrees directing the sale of the mortgaged property even while the accounts would be proceeding before the Commissioner. As to the second, the learned Judge said that the accounts were literally one-sided and had no credit side at all which seemed unique to His Honour. In putting these accounts, the Judge observed, the defendants had trifled with the Court. Besides some of the account books had been suppressed and he refused to believe that they were destroyed by an order of the plague authorities.

His Honour, therefore, appointed the Clerk of the Court as receiver on furnishing security to the extent of Rs. 5,000 and on a remuneration of five per cent. commission.

TAMPERING WITH REGISTER.

Conviction Confirmed.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of the appeal from a decision of Mr. P. E. Percival, Sessions Judge of Satara, who convicted Vithal Parwat of abetment of the fabrication of false evidence in a judicial proceeding and sentenced him to two years and six months' rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. Branson with Mr. D. A. Khare appeared for the accused and Mr. G.S. Rao, Government Pleader, for the Crown.

In this case, the accused with two others, was charged with conspiracy to make a false entry in the birth and death register of Ving as to the alleged death of the father of the present appellant, accused No. 2. The actual entry was made by accused No. 1. The appellant obtained the false entry from the Mamlatdar of Karad, and made an application to Mr. Kirk to have his name entered in the Patelki register in the place of his father, who, he stated had died at Ving. Besides the register, the accused had produced a letter from accused No. 3, and a telegram from accused No. 1, informing him of his father's alleged death.

Mr. Percival on the evidence, convicted all the accused, from which the present accused appealed.

Their Lordships, in consideration of all the circumstances in the case, dismissed the appeal.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, MARCH 22.

The weather has been dry, except at Toungoo which reports one and a half inches, and the skies are clear over nearly the whole country. A wave of cold has extended over the north-east India. A disturbance is beginning to affect west Persia and may travel eastwards. The forecast predicts dry weather.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 22ND MARCH.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 22nd March, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity has decreased and is now much below the average in the extreme north but remains normal in other districts. Temperature is in defect everywhere.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal. Temperature is normal or in defect.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded in lower Sind and north Rajputana and clear elsewhere. Humidity is in defect at Karachi and normal in other places. Temperature continues below the average everywhere except in Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly clouded in Cutch, Kathiawar and north Gujarat. The air is drier than usual in Gujarat while it contains the average amount of moisture elsewhere. Temperature is normal at Verawal and in defect over the rest of the division.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is normal or in defect. Temperature continues below the average.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear. The air contains the usual amount of moisture. Day temperature is normal; night temperature has risen and is now about the average.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is normal except for a defect at night in the north Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—Cloud has decreased in the south-west of the Peninsula, but skies continue moderately clouded on the Coromandel Coast. Light cloud still persists in Gujarat and Kathiawar and skies have become lightly clouded in north Gujarat and north Rajputana. Temperature still remains low in the Punjab, the United Provinces, Rajputana, west Central India and north Central Provinces.

Day weather prevails over the greater part of the reporting area.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 22nd March, was 29·943 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 7 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80deg. F. will be ·14 inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from feet, it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct in from these iveng in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

ARRIVALS.

Per s s. "Caledonia," Mar. 25.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Caledonia," with the English mails of the 10th instant, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour to-morrow, with the following passengers :—

LONDON TO BOMBAY.

Baker, Mr C M
Bowhay Lt A B
Brown, Capt J G
Bennett, Miss M R
Bamford, Miss M Miss W
Bradbeer, Mr T
Cottee. Rev J M
Cripps Miss O M
Cooke, Miss L M
Fay, Mr J
Griffith, Miss L
Ghose, Rev S Mrs and infnt
Gardner, Mr A A
George, Mr A
Hunter, Miss K
Ironside, Mr G R
Ingolby, Miss
James, Mr S A
Jones, Mr J
Lumsden, Capt H F
Landon, Mr J
Martin Miss
Marsden, Dr F
Mahoney, Capt F H
Pritchard, Major A G
Paterson, Miss G A
Park, Mr W
Ringwood, Miss M
Randoll Mrs W and infnt
Smith, Mr. N
Sulaiman, Mr S M
Shafts, Lt T D
Smith, (Mrs Leslie Porter's maid)
Webb Mr P
Walters, Mr. H
Walker, Mrs A
White. Lt Col G F
Walch, Miss

GIBRALTER TO BOMBAY.

Gentleman de Veigo, Dr L
Feras, Rev L

MARSEILLES TO BOMBAY.

Andrews. Miss G E
Adam, Miss
Brown, Mr D
Bingley, Mr A H
Benton, Lady
Bouverie, Mr J P
Bary, Mr C H
Balfe, Miss K M
Bhawnoggree Sir M M
Bowney, Mr F W
Campbell, Mr W E M
Cresswell. Mr W
Cobbold. Mrs
Cox. Mr T
Corsorphan Mr. N
Cripps, Mr H H
Carter, Mr B and Mrs
Cockman, Capt G W
Donald Mrs M D
Desedne, Mr O H Mrs
Ferrand, Mr S H
Gaskell, Mrs
Hamilton, Mrs
Hadow, Mr and Mrs
Hall, Mr P N
Hunter, Mr W K
Howard, Mrs
Johnstone, Mr H H
Kay, Miss G
Lang, Capt H G
Lunn, Mr W N
Lyal. Mrs F T
Minck Miss
Mitra, Mr S C
Porter, Hon Mr L Mrs
Powell, Mr J A F
Patuck, Mr R H
Poove, Mr L G
Rice, Mr W R
Rattigan. Mrs E M N Miss A M
Row, Mr T F Mrs
Swiney, Mrs
Shephard, Mr W D
Shallcroft, Mr G
Sutton, Mr J F
Thomas. Mrs and infnt Miss
Urquhart, Mr
Von Ernsthansen Mr A C
Vernon. Capt H A
Wilson, Miss D Miss E
Ward Mr T J
Waters Major

LONDON TO KARACHI.

Price. Mrs
Ford, Miss V
Johnson, D S O Capt H C

DEPARTURES.

Per s. s. "Khosrou" March 23.

The Bombay and Persia S. N. Co's. steamer Khosrou" will sail for Genoa from the stream this evening at 5 p.m. passengers are requested to be at the Ballard Pier at 4-15 p.m. for medical inspection. The following is a list of passengers:—

Monsieur and Madame Djelal Bey
Frances, Lieut R F
French, Captain
Flower. Mr and Mrs C A Flower and infant
Portlock, Mr Frank
Jayaker, Mr N K
Jensen, Mr L
Topp, Lieut C H Keith Bott, Mr H
Potter, Mr F L
Robertson, Mr and Mrs C
Shtracher, Mrs L
Sevestre, Mr J
Keenen, Sergt and Mrs and 2 infants

Per s. s. "City of Athens," March 24.

The Ellerman Line s.s. "City of Athens" Commander Wm. Kraut will sail from the stream at 2 p.m., for Marseilles and Liverpool with the following passengers. The medical inspection of saloon passengers will be held at No. 14 Victoria Dock Wall at noon sharp to-morrow :—

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Edwardes, Mrs J B and child
Gill, Miss A E

KARACHI TO MARSEILLES.

Casson, Mr H A
Casson, Mrs child and nurse
Renouf, Mr and Mrs W C
Renouf, two Misses
Whitworth, Capt G S

BOMBAY TO LONDON via MARSEILLES.

Allen, Mr H D
Allen, Mrs child 2 infants and governess
Alexander, Maj r H S
Askwith, Mrs J B
Connor, Capt A D
Daunt, Mrs W D
Evans, Mrs K A and infant
Fleury, Miss E K
Fleury, Miss C
Granville, Miss G
Granville, Mr H C
Hemmy, Mrs
Jacob, Col S L
Jackson. Miss Rose
Jackson, Mrs H child and nurse
Lattey, Mr W A M
Northwood, Mr T
Pearse, Mr F S
Pearse, Mrs and child
Ransom, Mrs B
Shackell, Miss
Smith, Major G M Bullen
Smith, Mrs Bullen child and nurse
Wilkinson, Capt C R
Young, Miss M

KARACHI TO LONDON via MARSEILLES,

Chalmers, Mr R J
Hutchinson, Lt-Col C
Hutchinson, Mrs C
Smith, Capt Marrot
Smith, Mrs Marrot
White, Lt-Col H

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Finnig, Miss
Blair, Mrs 2 children and infant
Costley, Major H
Keily, Mrs H G infant an nurse
Wernicke, Capt
Wernicke, Mrs and infant

KARACHI TO LIVERPOOL,

Hughes Major E M
Hughes Mrs 2 infants and nurse
Purvis Mr Egerton
Purvis, Mrs 2 children and nurse

KARACHI TO MARSEILLES.

Renouf's, Mrs governess

BOMBAY TO LONDON via MARSEILLES.

Cape, Rev
Cape, Mrs and child

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Atherton, Mr R
Blair, Mr G W
Blunt, Qr-Mr Sergt
Crowe, Mr
Smith, Mr O A
Smith, Mrs and infant
(Deck)—Abdul Kader

KARACHI TO LIVERPOOL.

Anscomb, Miss Vinnie
Dick, Mr A W
Dick, Miss
Grad, Mrs and infant
Purvis, Mr Egerton
Purvis, Mrs 2 children and nurse
Quinlin, Mrs T and infant
Young, Mrs A Graham,

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. W. HAWES, V. D., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 23rd March.

137. Parades Nos 1 and 2 Companies—A Gun Instructional parades will be held at the Saluting Battery, Apollo Bunder, at 9-15 p.m. on Thursday, the 23rd instant. Members requiring drill for Efficiency should attend this parade.

Dress—Plain Clothes.

138. Rifle Meeting—The Annual Rifle Meeting will be continued at Santa Cruz on Sunday next, the 26th instant.

Train leaves Colaba at 6-30 a.m., Church Gate 6-35 a.m. and Grant Road 6-46 a.m.

Dress—Plain Clothes.

Refreshments can be obtained on the Range.

143 Leave—Major J W Hawes V D Commanding Bombay Volunteer Artillery is granted 12 months' leave out of India from the 22nd April. 2nd Lieut E W Graham Rce Bombay Volunteer Artillery is granted six months' leave out of India from 24th March.

E. P. CUDLIP, Capt. B. A.,
Adjt. B. V. A.

NOTICE.

Gun practice will take place from Monday 27th to Friday 31st instant as stated below; Members wishing to attend are requested to send in their names to the Adjutant on the morning of the day previous to the practice.

Dress—Khaki and Helmets.

Date.	Fort.	Time.
27th March 1911	Middle Ground	10 a.m.
28th " "	Oyster Rock	10 a.m.
29th " "	Middle Ground	10 a.m.
30th " "	Elephanta	12 noon
31st " "	Colaba North	10 a.m.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

GAMBLING AT FASHIONABLE COSTUMIERS.

Many a gentle girl, full of bright hopes, says "M.A.P." has been ruined as the result of visiting the little back room at the fashionable costumier's. A shopkeeper must, of course, look after the comfort and the convenience of his costumers; other things being equal, it naturally follows that the shop which is most attractive in its appeals to such comfort will be the most successful. Accordingly, the big stores have provided elaborate tea-rooms, restaurants, and even special amusements. Such attractions cannot be offered by the proprietor of an establishment devoted merely to one branch of women's needs. Notwithstanding, such an individual must take special steps to make good the omission. Hence it is quite legitimate to furnish cosy little rooms where customers may partake of a dainty cup of tea while waiting, which will act as a support during the fatigues of their shopping. Unfortunately, it often happens that gambling takes place in these rooms. The proprietor of the establishment would be thoroughly scandalised at the slightest hint that the cards provided for whiling away a few dull moments were used for any other purpose. He would affect to be highly shocked at the notion of such practices. The fact is that woman is more or less a gambler at heart, but the better class woman possesses fewer facilities for indulging in this natural trait than do her sisters in a lower social sphere. In private homes of any respectability gambling cannot be carried on.

FREE LICENCE.

Herein lies the insidious evil of the costumier's back room. There is no restraining influence to curb any desire for unduly high play; there is no such check as the presence of a woman's monfolk or "old-fashioned" relatives. There is no wise supervision which would prevent a mere game passing into a pure gambling transaction no restraining force at all. A woman may visit such premises perfectly openly, and her visit may be lengthy without any risk of scandal attaching. The secret of what is taking place is well kept until at last there comes a cataclysm, when some inkling of the truth comes out. In most cases the proprietor really is ignorant of the vast extent of the evil wrought by the facilities he provides. He may have some small notion that something wrong goes on, but he dare not run the risk of incurring the displeasure of influential dames by putting down his foot, and purging the place.

THE FIRST STEP TO RUIN.

Yet consider how the danger develops. Some impetuous girls, after a tiring round of shopping or visiting, finds herself in the restful, cosy place in a perfectly legitimate manner. While resting there she may take only a most languid interest in a game which is proceeding. Eventually, in the most casual manner, she may be prevailed upon to take a hand as a means of some little excitement. This is the first step. Soon she becomes deeply interested. As small sums change hands the game takes hold of her, and the fever gets into her veins. High spirited, she will not be the first to give in, and if she has fallen into the hands of clever gamesters, all will go well with her for a time. In the mildest case she has found a new excitement, an absorbing method of coping with dull hours. As time goes on, a visit to the little room becomes a habit, a soul-gripping habit—the gambling mania possesses her. Perhaps the money may merely change hands between others of her set, though most likely there will be some woman, or group of women, who are there with a distinct object—to fleece the unwary. The innocent girl, as she gets out of her depth by losing more than she can afford, is obliged to obtain money in some way in order to retrieve her position. She will easily find some woman present who is willing to oblige—for a consideration. It is unfortunately the case that in many instances, where the proprietor of the establishment is a woman, the money will be advanced by her, and put down to her "client's" account for articles supposed to have been supplied. This state having been reached, is soon passed. It becomes necessary for the fair gambler to obtain further supplies by some means. Probably she sells various objects; then it is only another step to pawn articles of jewellery, replacing real objects by imitations. This is the most critical time in the gambler's career. If she has sufficient courage to make a clean breast of the affair, her people may get her out of the mess, after some little scandal. Unfortunately, in many cases, this is impossible. Driven by, frenzy, the once innocent girl, in deadly desperation will not hesitate to rob father, brother, or husband. The way for her utter downfall is now open, and the end comes rapidly.

LURED BY SHARPERS.

The abominable wickedness of the whole business is that this woman goes to her ruin, not from any innate badness, not from any passion for high living or extravagance in dress, but simply because he has been lured by wicked women who make their living by sharping, but who are women of moral character and worth in the eyes of the world of Society. The evil woman who must have money finds an easy way of gaining it by the existence of these rooms: the opportunity may be said to be thrown at her. She has for her prey the most unsuspecting class of women, from whom she may extract the uttermost farthing in the easiest manner possible. The harpy can come into contact with women who otherwise would be shut out from her ken, and so she can pour her poison into the veins of the best. The fact that her poor victim, in order to pay her debts of "honour," must sacrifice her real honour, matters little to her. Why should she think of her victim's moral and social degradation so long as she gains by it? This evil of to-day is one to which the attention should be paid by every man who values the honour and the welfare of his womenfolk. It is not the less an evil because many of the back rooms are free from all taint of gambling, while it is all the more an evil because it is little known.

THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Interrupted.	Via Turkey Interrupted	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Und Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 22nd March, 1911.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs.	Mts
Turkey	21	9	25 p.m.	6	58
Teheran	22	1	p m.	1	40
Suez	22	2	15 p m.	0	38

NOTICES.

Cable Assab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim Kassala without additional charge. (20-6-09).

Arabistan Lines interrupted. Telegrams for Ahwaz and Mohammerah should be addressed "Post Bushire," whence there is a weekly post every Wednesday. Telegrams should reach Bushire not later than 16 hours. (Standard Time) on Tuesday. (8-3-11).

Turkish route interrupted beyond Fao (22-3-11).

BY THE WAY.

THE HORSE'S PRAYER.

Horses are so valuable on the farm nowadays, that most owners see that they are well-fed and well-tended. The careless owners, however, had, fortunately they are few, will find something to remember in the following "Horse's Prayer," which has been posted up by order, in the municipal stables of New York and Boston :—"To thee, My Master, I Offer My Prayer. Feed me, water and care for me, and, when the day's work is done, provide me with a shelter, a clean dry bed, and a stall wide enough for me to lie down in comfort. Be always gentle with me and talk to me. Your voice often means as much to me as the reins. Pet me sometimes that I may serve you the more gladly and learn to love you. Do not jerk the reins, and do not whip me when going up-hill. Never strike, beat, or kick me when I do not understand what you mean, but give me a chance to understand you. Watch me, and if I fail to do your bidding, see if something is not wrong with my harness or feet. Don't draw the straps too tight, give me freedom to move my head. If you insist on my wearing blinkers to keep me from looking round, at least see to it that they do not press against my eyes. Don't make my load too heavy, and don't leave me tied up in the rain. Have me well shod. Examine my teeth when I do not eat. I may have an ulcerated tooth and that, you know, is very painful. Do not tie my head in an unnatural position, or take away my best defence against flies and mosquitoes by cutting off my tail. I cannot tell you when I am thirsty, so give me pure cold water frequently. Do all you can to protect me from the sun; and throw a cover over me—not when I am working, but when I am standing out in the cold. Don't force an ice-cold bit into my mouth, but warm it first in some warm water or in your hand. I always try to do cheerfully the work you require of me; and day and night I stand for hours patiently waiting for you. And, finally, O, my Master, when my useful strength is gone, do not turn me out to starve or freeze, or sell me to some cruel owner to be slowly tortured and starved to death; but do thou, My Master, take my life in the kindest way, and your God will reward you here and hereafter. You may not consider me irreverent if I ask this in the name of Him who was born in a stable."

THE SOANE MUSEUM.

One of many certain signs that spring has returned, says a Home correspondent, is the reopening of the Soane Museum, which many people who think they know their London would be puzzled to discover. It is situated at the north-west corner of Lincoln's-inn Fields, and will be open to the public on the four middle days of each week between March and August. The collection consists of coutior, paintings, bric-a-brac; and other objects, housed in the founder's residence, which remains by his request practically unaltered, and thus gives a good idea of domestic arrangements at the beginning of the last century. Sir John Soane was the architect of the British Museum, and father of George Soane, the dramatist, whom he hated for marrying a penniless girl, and disinherited.

LORD ROSEBERY'S TUTOR.

If the Melbourne papers are credibly informed, the Rev. John Reid, who recently died in that city at the age of eighty, was "tutor to Lord Rosebery." Born in Fifeshire, and educated at the University of Edinburgh, he established a reputation as an eloquent preacher and lecturer and for a time held a professorship of history and philosophy. Forty years ago he received a ministerial call to Australia and there he spent the latter half of his life. He was best known to the general public as a brilliant Shakespearian scholar. He was one of the founders of the Melbourne Shakespearian Society, its first secretary, and a contributor of many learned papers to its proceedings. He was also an enthusiast in the cause of university extension at the Antipodes.

DR. SPENCE WATSON AND GEORGE MACDONALD.

An interesting story has been told of the late Dr. Spence Watson and Dr. George Macdonald. When Mr. Jowett—now of Birmingham—was in Newcastle. Dr. Macdonald went down to lecture for him, and stayed with Dr. Spence Watson—a man whose house was always open to refugees of all kinds—Armenians, Russians, Greeks, and a score of others. After the lecture, Dr. Watson was telling Dr. Macdonald, as they sat over the fire, of this refugee and that other refugee who had found a way to his heart and a place in his home. "Eh, man," said Dr. Macdonald. "if I were only you!" "What nonsense!" said Dr. Watson; "why you go away to Italy, and think and meditate, then you write those glorious books which I can read, and which make my heart burn and my hands busy until I "must" have the refugees."

"MR. G."

Dr. Spence Watson was at University College, London, when Mr. Gladstone introduced his Budget—the Budget of 1853, which made a re[volu]tion in our public finance—and from the Stranger Gallery in the House of Commons heard the marvellous five hours' speech, of which the Prince Consort said that he could not have resisted cheering if he had been present. It was a habit of Dr. Spence Watson to speak of Mr. Gladstone always, and very reverently, as "Mr. G." So, speaking of that experience of 1853, he would say, "Mr. G. was only a name to me then. He spoke with few notes, and he gave us figures as if they were verse. You may imagine the effect upon me when I tell you that through sheer insensibility to everything but that speech I had no food for the next twenty-four hours, and it was only when I began to feel ill on the journey down to Newcastle, that I remembered I had had my last meal before going to hear Mr. G. put a term to the life of the Income-tax."

DR. SPENCE WATSON AND THE SLAVES.

In 1875, the Conservative Government of the day issued their well-remembered circular to captains of British ships, instructing them that slaves who took refuge on British ships in the waters of the slave-country were to be delivered up to their owners. The indignation of the country was immediately aflame. To Dr. Spence Watson

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THE TWO SERVICES.

THE NAVY'S SORROW.

It would be impossible to name a flag officer on the active list who possesses in a more marked degree the affection which was entertained among all ranks and ratings in the Service for the late Admiral Sir A. G. Curzon-Howe. The colloquialism, "my old chief," seemed to have more than the ordinary meaning when used by those who had served with the late admiral, whose good qualities endeared him alike to officers and men. Lady Curzon-Howe's grief is intensified by the melancholy fact that within the brief space of thirteen months she has lost husband and daughter, Miss Victoria Curzon-Howe having died at Malta on February 3, 1910, almost on the eve of Admiral Curzon-Howe's return home to assume the Portsmouth command—the blue ribbon of the Service. Evidence of the affection which has been mentioned was forthcoming on the first anniversary of the young lady's death by the warrant officers and ships company of H. M. S. "Exmouth" (the ship in which the late admiral's flag was flown in the Mediterranean) placing wreaths on the grave. This is not the moment for dwelling on the changes consequent on the death of the Commander-in-Chief of the port which will figure prominently in connection with the Coronation but in the circumstances, it is considered not unlikely that the lamentable event may oblige the Admiralty to cancel Admiral Sir William May's appointment as Commander-in-Caief at Devonport in favour of Portsmouth.

"H. M. C. S."

It is satisfactory to learn that the British Navy has a kind of lien upon the use of the naval establishment at Halifax, which has been transferred to the Canadian Government. The Admiralty have just notified to the fleet that the Dominion Government have agreed to the storing of coal or oil fuel at Halifax Dockyard in a suitable manner for the use of H. M. ships, and will allow their representatives to take charge of it. Facilities are also to be granted the British Navy for the use of workshops and appliances by men of the fleet "at any Government establishments of which the Dominion may now or in future be possessed" free of cost. In connection with the use of Halifax for coaling and oiling war vessels, arrangemen's have been entered into for the stocks to be surveyed periodically. British requirements, it will be seen, are well provided for under the new regime at this historic point d'appui, which may regain some of its old-time importance when the maple leaf on the British ensign is displayed at the masthead of the ships about to be built for the Canadian Navy, and whose names will be prefixed by the letters "H.M.C.S."

ANOTHER CHANGE.

Although Rear-Admiral Sir Alfred Paget has reached the top of the list of his rank for promotion it was not expected that he would have been succeeded at this particular juncture as senior officer on the coast of Ireland. It was, however, officially announced the other night that Rear-Admiral Charles H. Coke has been selected as Sir Alfred Paget's successor, and apparently the change will take effect before the completion of the dock extension at Haulbowline Dockyard, which is on the verge of being added to the resources of that establishment. Admiral Paget has displayed keen interest in the development of the Irish dockyard, and it was hoped that he would have retained the appointment on promotion to Vice-Admiral, so as to have been present in his official capacity as Superintendent of the Dockyard when the extension is formally opened. The ceremony will probably take place during the forthcoming visit of the King and Queen to Ireland. The new dock at Haulbowline is large enough to accommodate a vessel of the "Dreadnought" type and it is intended to place a "battle cruiser" in it at or immediately after the opening. Rear-Admiral Paget has witnessed a notable development in Haulbowline Dockyard since he took over the appointment nearly three years ago and he will have the supreme satisfaction of handing over to his successor an establishment which has developed into an important repair place, with facilities for docking ships of the largest dimensions.

PROGRESS IN NAVAL GUNNERY.

Although one hear less about naval gunnery than used to be the case when the gunnery apathy of a generation ago was being shaken off, and new and wonderful records (for those times) were being made, yet there may signs which show that close attention is still bestowed upon the art and craft—for an art craft, and science it was now become—of rapid hitting from ships guns. Concentration of fire is being sought after in every first-class navy at the present moment, and the triple-gun turret and all centre line mounting for primary guns are both offsprings of this world-wide quest. But it is not only in the individual ship that concentration is sought after; but the squadron is also used, and "squadron firing" is now a gunnery practice often carried out in British fleets. At its best squadron firing is calculated to deliver such a series of crashing blows as to distract and bewilder an enemy past all recovery, so far as hitting back with effective blows is concerned. This will be even more the case now every primary gun can be fired in each broadside, in our later "Dreadnoughts," to be even further enhanced when the 13-5 in. middle-line battleships appear in our first fighting line. The gunnery tests being carried out during the experimental cruise of the "Neptune," in the presence of highly-placed gunnery experts, show that some new developments may be expected, and indicate how energetically progress in naval gunnery is sought for in the British fleet. Sensations are not so frequent as they used to be, but they are not strangers yet in naval gunnery, nor are they likely to become so. Night firing is pointed to as the weakest link in our chain of naval efficiency but progress is likewise being made in that direction.

GRAVITY OF THE HORSE SUPPLY.

That the question of horse supply remains a very serious matter may be gathered from a perusal of the Army Estimates for 1911-12. From the boarding-out scheme in a year we are able to produce only seven hundred animals. These, if put on board a transport for service under conditions similar to those experienced during the South African War, would not provide for the wastage of a single relief march of the Kimberley type. That Mr. Haldane will receive all possible assistance from County Associations in this problem of horse supply one feels certain, but it must be borne in mind that those bodies have already a multitude of matters confronting them; their help, therefore, can only be of a very limited nature as compared with the gravity of the situation. It is to be hoped that other courses of supply will be created commensurate with the national need. Sir F. Banbury, debating in Committee of Supply, contended that merely to give £40,000 in a desultory way to the Board of Agriculture would not have the desired effect, although the country owed that body a debt of gratitude for the efforts they were making to further the success of the scheme for providing Army horses. It remains for the authorities at Whitehall to evolve a more advanced measure of self-help in this important branch of supply.

OFFICERS' PAY.

Most European armies are now feeling the shortage of officers, due to the increased cost of living and the impossibility of subsisting on a junior officers' pay. The French captains and subalterns have had a 25 per cent. increase, and now the Dutch officers of all ranks are to receive a substantial addition to their pay. The captain, for instance, who now gets £160 a year, rising to £215 is in future to receive £315 rising to £250. Other ranks are to receive an increase in similar proportion. Each officer receives an outfit allowance of £20, and each mounted officer receives an annual allowance of £20. If Holland can afford a fair rate of pay for her officers, surely so can we.

During the year 1910, the visitors to 24, Cheyne-row, London, once the residence of Carlyle, numbered 3,421, as compared with 2,946 in 1908, and 3,259 in 1909. For the fifteen years, 1896-1910, the annual average has been 2,618, the total since the opening in July, 1895, being 41,870.

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THE ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA

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AT the time when preparations were being made, between seven and eight years ago, for the creation of the present edition, it was realized that all that could be done in the way of "bringing up to date" the Encyclopaedia Britannica as it then stood had already been accomplished by the issue of supplementary volumes. No further process of renovation was to be attempted. The changes of the past thirty years called for something different—for a fresh start, for a new foundation. **How was the fresh start made?** Had it been possible to limit the effects of change to matters of fact, the foundation of the new edition might have been sought in the old. What need, indeed, to do more than examine separately each of the articles already in existence, and substitute new matter where the old was found wanting? But close upon the appearance, in any field, of new facts follow **new points of view**, and they require, not a corrective scrutiny of what already stands written, but a fresh survey of the field itself, and a treatment freely shaped according to the demands of the subject as it presents itself to-day. The thoroughness of such a survey evidently depends, not only upon the distinction of those whose services are enlisted in the task but also upon the extent to which their labours are organized for the purpose in view. Reference, therefore, must be made to the circumstance which, in the present case, permitted of an organization more effective than had ever before been brought to the preparation of the Encyclopaedia Britannica—the circumstance, namely, that the present edition was not prepared for publication volume by volume, as had always hitherto been the case. **The work was planned and carried out as an indivisible whole**, of which no volume was to be printed for sale until the entire contents, from A to Z, were practically completed.

Hitherto, all extensive publications have been prepared, printed and sold, volume by volume, and to this rule previous editions of the Encyclopaedia Britannica afforded no exception. Thus the first volume of the 9th edition appeared in 1875 and the last not until 1889. The method recommended itself on economical grounds. It called for the services of but a small permanent staff, and the sale of one volume provided funds for the preparation of the next. Certain obvious drawbacks attach to the method; it is inconvenient to the purchaser, who for years remains the possessor of an incomplete book, and the work itself, when it is at last completed, contains information belonging to different dates. But these are slight faults compared with this less evident one, that **piecemeal production is incompatible with the organized survey**, and with the systematic treatment, upon a well considered plan, of the immense field which an Encyclopaedia covers.

If there is no well considered plan for the treatment of a given subject under a series of the most appropriate headings, the only safe course to pursue is to endeavour to say everything in one long article. This tendency is very evident in former editions of the Encyclopaedia Britannica. Under such general headings as "Architecture," "Astronomy," "Chemistry," "Geology," much was included that would better have been accorded **independent treatment**, in separate articles, under other headings. The drawback for the reader was twofold. The general article was rendered inordinately long by the inclusion of what was not essential to the clear development of the main theme. On the other hand, he looked in vain for articles which he reasonably expected to find upon topics that come within the province of architecture, astronomy, chemistry or geology. It is scarcely an exaggeration to say that the article "Geology," which occupied 163 pages of the 9th edition, accounted for all the geological information which the book contained.

The subject of geology in **the new edition** probably occupies four or five times as many pages as were given to it in the 9th edition; but the information is distributed under some 500 headings, in such a way that the inquirer upon any geological topic will find under the heading to which he would naturally turn, the information which he seeks. The article "Geology" itself, by Sir Archibald Geikie, occupies 46 pages, and gives the reader precisely what he requires in turning to such a general heading, a history of the science and an account of its general purpose. The treatment of the subject is then elaborated in the manner which does most justice to the subject itself and will prove most useful to the reader—namely, in **a carefully co-ordinated series of articles** within the field of geology. These were planned by Mr. H. B. Woodward (late Assistant Director of the Geological Survey of Great Britain), and were carried out with the assistance of the most eminent authorities. What has been said concerning geology might be repeated in connection with the treatment of every subject within the range of human inquiry.

It will be evident that the introduction of **system** into such a work as the Encyclopaedia Britannica makes enormous demands upon the editorial function. It cannot be attempted if the editorial horizon be limited to a single volume. It cannot be achieved unless the whole material, from A to Z, is assembled before any portion of it is published.

It will be evident, further, that the **thorough systematic preparation** of such a book exceeds the faculties of any single editor. The present editor, however, gathered round him a permanent staff of men whose university training in divers faculties brought to the exercise of editorial supervision the desired range of learning. The staff working together under the same roof for seven or eight years afforded the nearest possible approach to the unanimity of a single mind while keeping in constant touch, through its individual members, with the many hundred of contributors whose special knowledge was enlisted on behalf of their respective departments.

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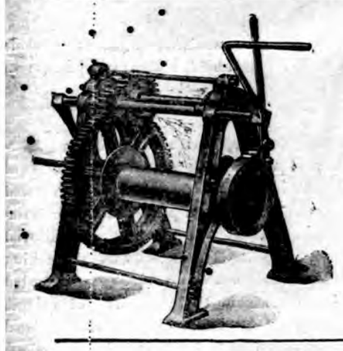

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